

State Committee of the Republic of Uzbekistan on statistics



Industrial production of the Republic of Uzbekistan for January-June of 2018

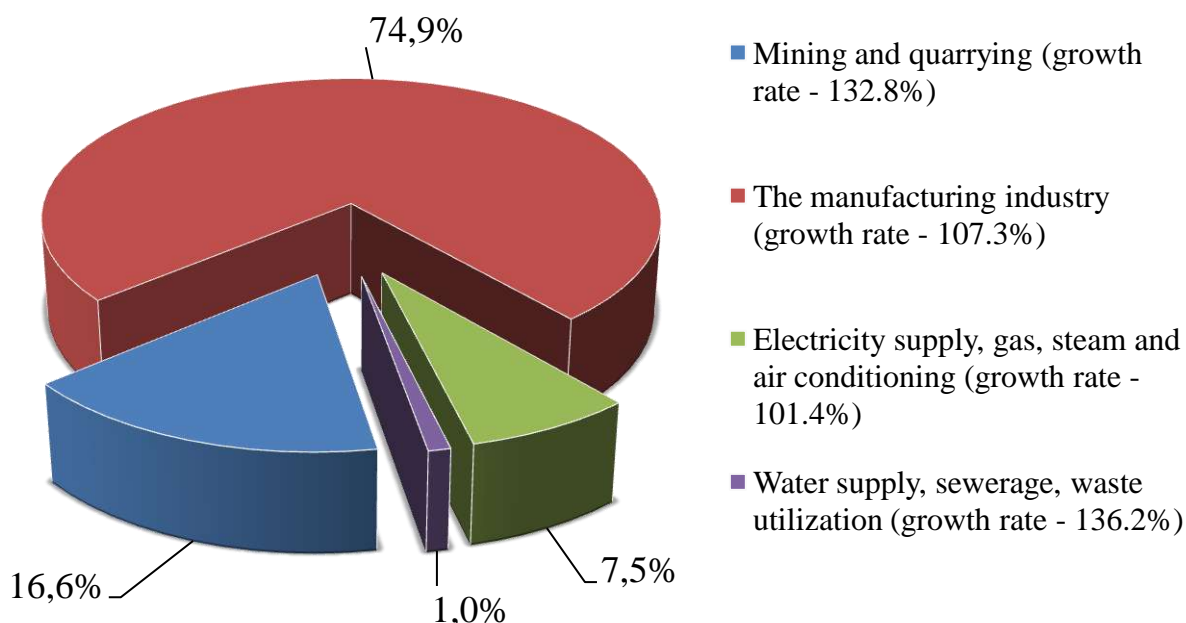
FIGURES:

- The volume of industrial production amounted to **94.0 trillion. soum**, the growth rate is **110.7%**
- Growth rate of consumer goods production - **105.8%**
- The share of consumer goods in total production - **33.0%**
- The share of small business in industry - **31.1%**
- Number of operating industrial enterprises - **52802 units..**

According to preliminary data, in January-June of 2018 enterprises of the republic produced industrial products worth 94.0 trillion. soum, the growth rate to the same period last year was 110.7%.

The main growth factor in the total volume of industrial production was the increase in manufacturing in the manufacturing industry by 7.3% (contribution to the increase in the total volume of industrial production 5.7 points), mining and quarrying - by 32.8% (contribution to growth 4.6 point), electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning - by 1.4% (contribution to the growth of 0.1 points), water supply, sewerage, waste collection and disposal - by 36.2% (contribution to the increase of 0.3 points).

The structure of industrial production by main types of economic activity in January-June 2018, in%.







Mining and quarrying.

The volume of products produced by mining and quarrying enterprises in January-June of 2018 amounted to 15.6 trillion soums, or 16.6% of the total volume of industry.

Compared to the same period last year, there was an increase in mining of crushed stone by 1.6 times, kaolin by 1.8 times, gas condensate by 17.9%, natural gas by 6.3%. At the same time, there is a decrease in oil production by 9.7%, coal - by 14.8%.

Manufacture of selected industrial products major mining enterprises and quarrying for January-June

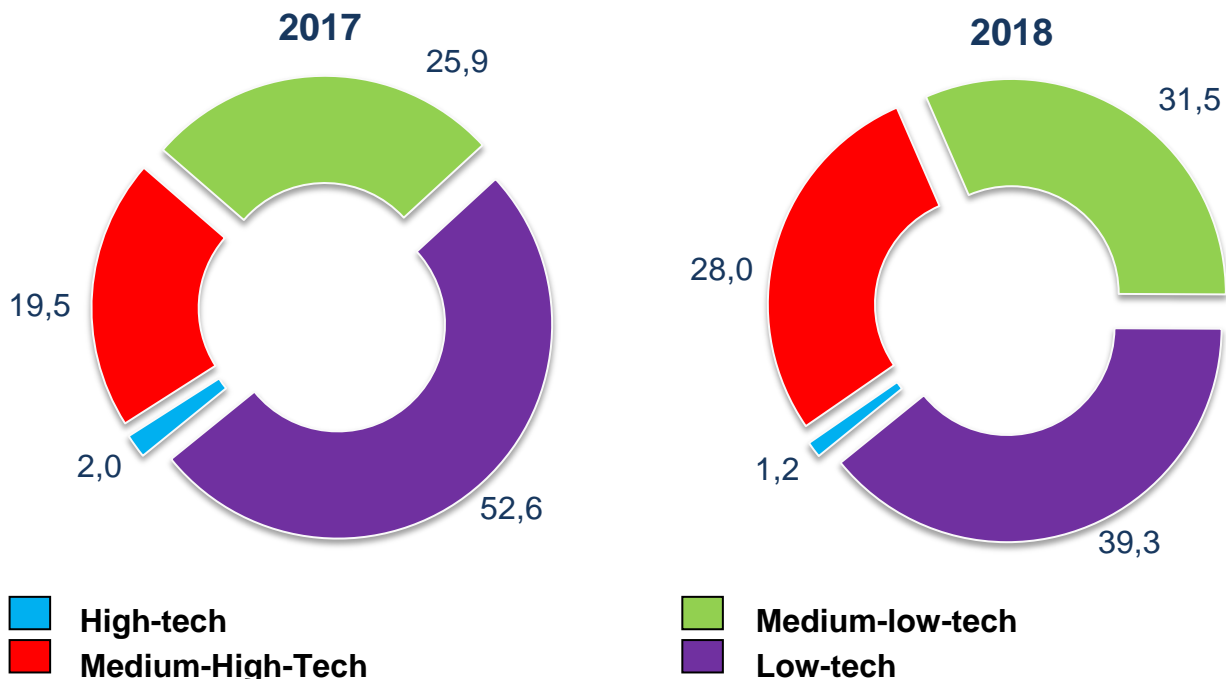
| Production for 2017 | Mining and quarrying products | Production for 2018 | Growth rate, % |
|---|---|---------------------|----------------|
| Coal, thousand tons. | | | |
| 1983,6 |  | 1689,1 | 85,2 ↓ |
| Oil, thousand tons. | | | |
| 415,5 |  | 375,2 | 90,3 ↓ |
| Natural gas, million cubic meters. | | | |
| 27601,5 |  | 29340,4 | 106,3 ↑ |
| Gas condensate, thousand tons. | | | |
| 895,2 |  | 1055,3 | 117,9 ↑ |

Manufacturing industry.

Manufacturing enterprises produced goods worth 70.5 trillion soums in January-June 2018, the growth rate by the corresponding period of the previous year was 107.3%.







In the structure of manufacturing industry, relative to the corresponding period of the previous year, the share of high-tech industries amounted to 1.2% (2.0% in January-June 2017), medium-high-tech - 28.0% (19.5%), medium-low-tech - 31.5% (25.9%) and low-tech- 39.3% (52.6%).







Structure of manufacturing industry in terms of manufacturability for January-June



In the manufacturing industry, in comparison with the corresponding period of the previous year, the production of tractors increased 5.6 times, paints and varnishes based on acrylic or vinyl polymers by 28.2%, automobile engines by 22.9%, cars (without specialized) -18.4%, diesel fuel-17.9%, vegetable oil-10.5%, motor gasoline-3.1%, cotton fiber-1.4%. At the same time, the production of buses, trucks and portland cement, compared with the corresponding period last year, decreased.

**Manufacture of selected industrial products
large enterprises of manufacturing industry in January-June**

| Production for 2017 | Production of manufacturing industry | Production for 2018 | Growth rate, % |
|--|---|---------------------|----------------|
| Cars (without specialized). | | | |
| 65930 |  | 78035 | 118,4 ↑ |
| Trucks. | | | |
| 2067 |  | 1550 | 75,0 ↓ |
| Buses. | | | |
| 389 |  | 269 | 69,2 ↓ |
| Automobile engines. | | | |
| 48721 |  | 59860 | 122,9 ↑ |
| Cotton fiber, thousand tons. | | | |
| 483,6 |  | 490,5 | 101,4 ↑ |
| Vegetable oil (refined), thousand tons. | | | |
| 110,2 |  | 121,7 | 110,5 ↑ |

| Production for 2017 | Production of manufacturing industry | Production for 2018 | Growth rate, % |
|--|---|---------------------|----------------|
| Tobacco products, mln. | | | |
| 4786 |  | 4890 | 102,2 ↑ |
| Gasoline for cars, thousand tons. | | | |
| 543,3 |  | 560,3 | 103,1 ↑ |
| Diesel fuel, thousand tons. | | | |
| 472,5 |  | 557,2 | 117,9 ↑ |
| Portland cement, thousand tons. | | | |
| 4198,7 |  | 3953,8 | 94,2 ↓ |
| Paints and varnishes based on acrylic or vinyl polymers, t. | | | |
| 5194,0 |  | 6659,2 | 128,2 ↑ |
| Tractors. | | | |
| 322 |  | 1799 | 5,6 p. ↑ |



Power supply, gas, steam and air conditioning..

The volume of products produced by the enterprises of electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning amounted to 7.0 trillion soums (7.5% of the total volume of industry).

In this industry in January-June of 2018, compared to the corresponding period of the

previous year, production, transmission and distribution of electricity increased by 1.4%, and production and distribution of gaseous fuels - by 1.0%.

Water supply, sewage, collection and disposal of waste.

The volume of products produced by water supply, sewage, waste collection and disposal enterprises amounted to 955.9 billion soums (1.0% of the total volume of industry).

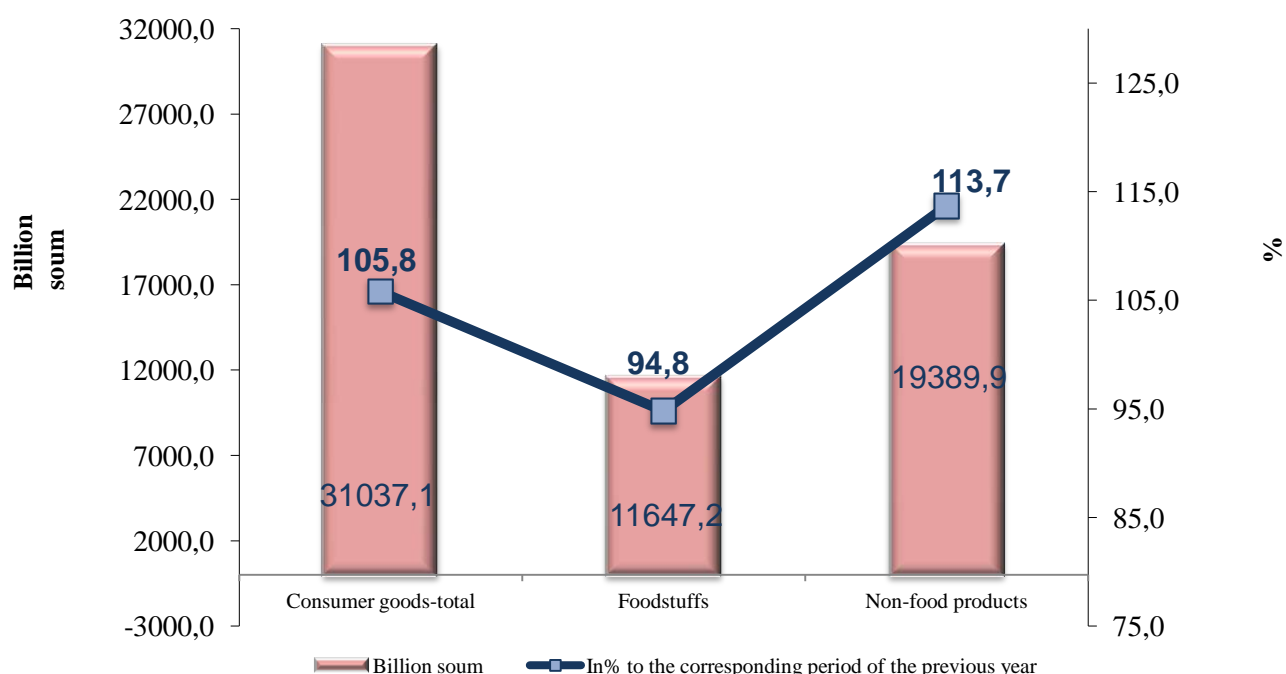
In comparison with the corresponding period of the previous year, there is an increase in recyclables containing ferrous metals by 32.8%, recyclables containing aluminum by 73.9%, services for processing and distribution of water by water - by 22.8%, services for removal, transportation of sewage and their processing, by 20.7%.



Manufacture of consumer goods.

As a result of the measures taken to expand the assortment and stimulate the output of finished goods, the production of consumer goods amounted to 31.0 trillion soums and, compared with January-June 2017, increased by 5.8%, the share in the total volume of industry was 33, 0%.

The volume and growth rates of consumer goods production in January-June 2018

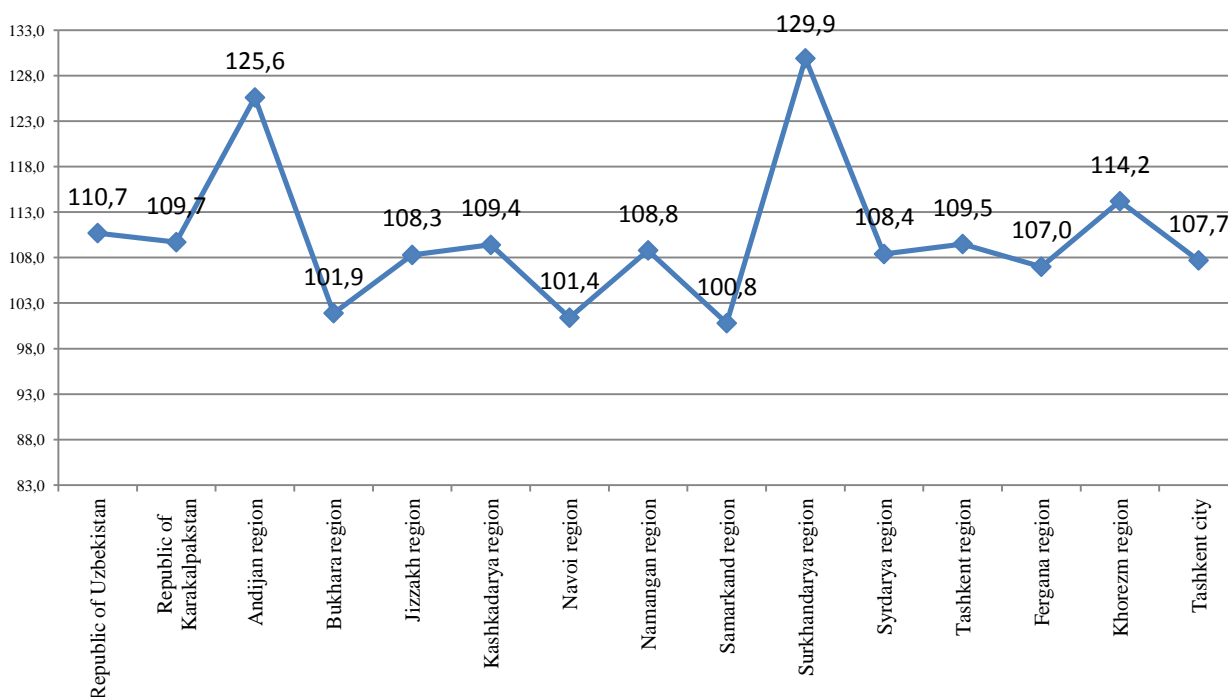


Compared with the same period in 2017, in the structure of consumer goods in January-June this year, an increase in the share of production of non-food products from 58.1% to 62.5%.

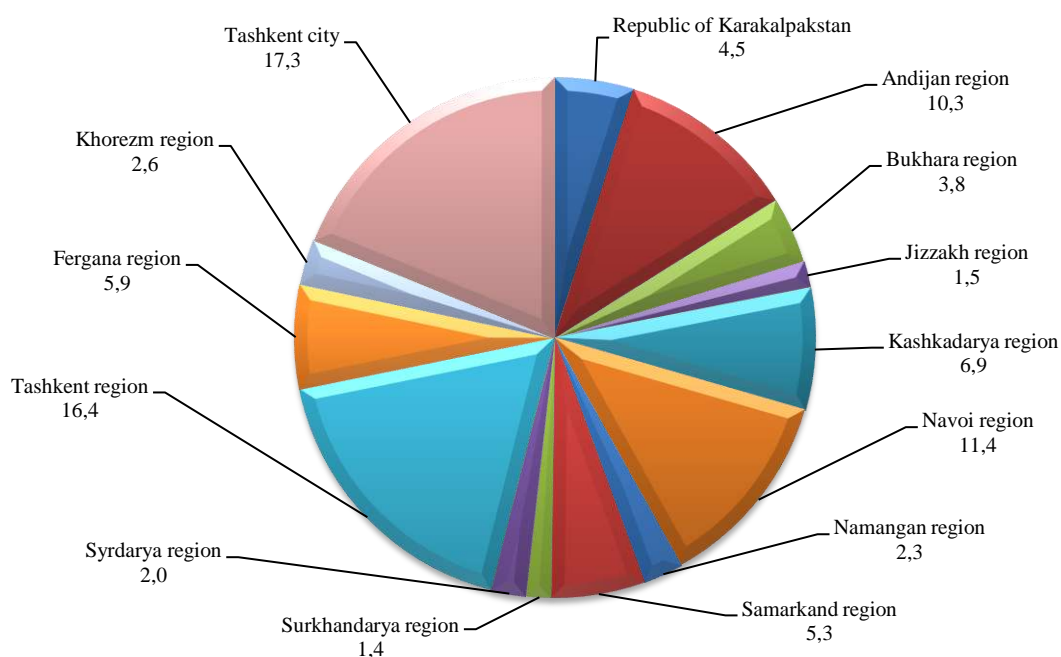
Industrial production of regions.

The largest share in the structure of output of industrial output of the republic is in Tashkent city (17.3% of the republican industrial volume), Tashkent region (16.4%), Navoi (11.4%), Andijan (10.3%), Kashkadarya (6.9%), Fergana (5.9%) areas.

**The growth rate of industrial production by region
for January-June of 2018 (in% to the corresponding period of the previous year)**



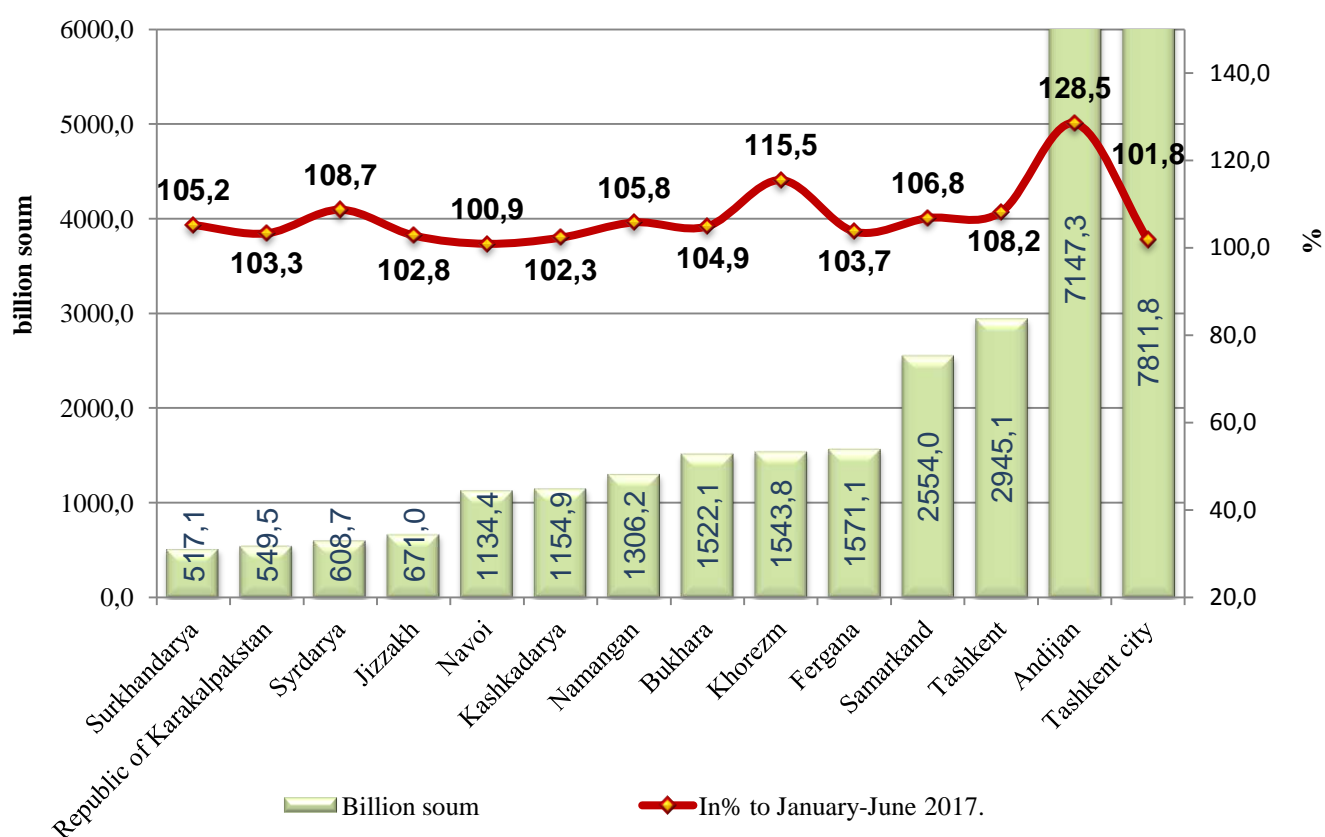
**Share of regions in total industrial output
production in January-June 2018
(in% of the volume of industry in the republic)**



At the same time, the smallest share falls on Surkhandarya (1.4% of the republican industrial output), Jizzakh (1.5%), Syrdarya (2.0%), Namangan (2.3%) and the Khorezm (2.6%) region.

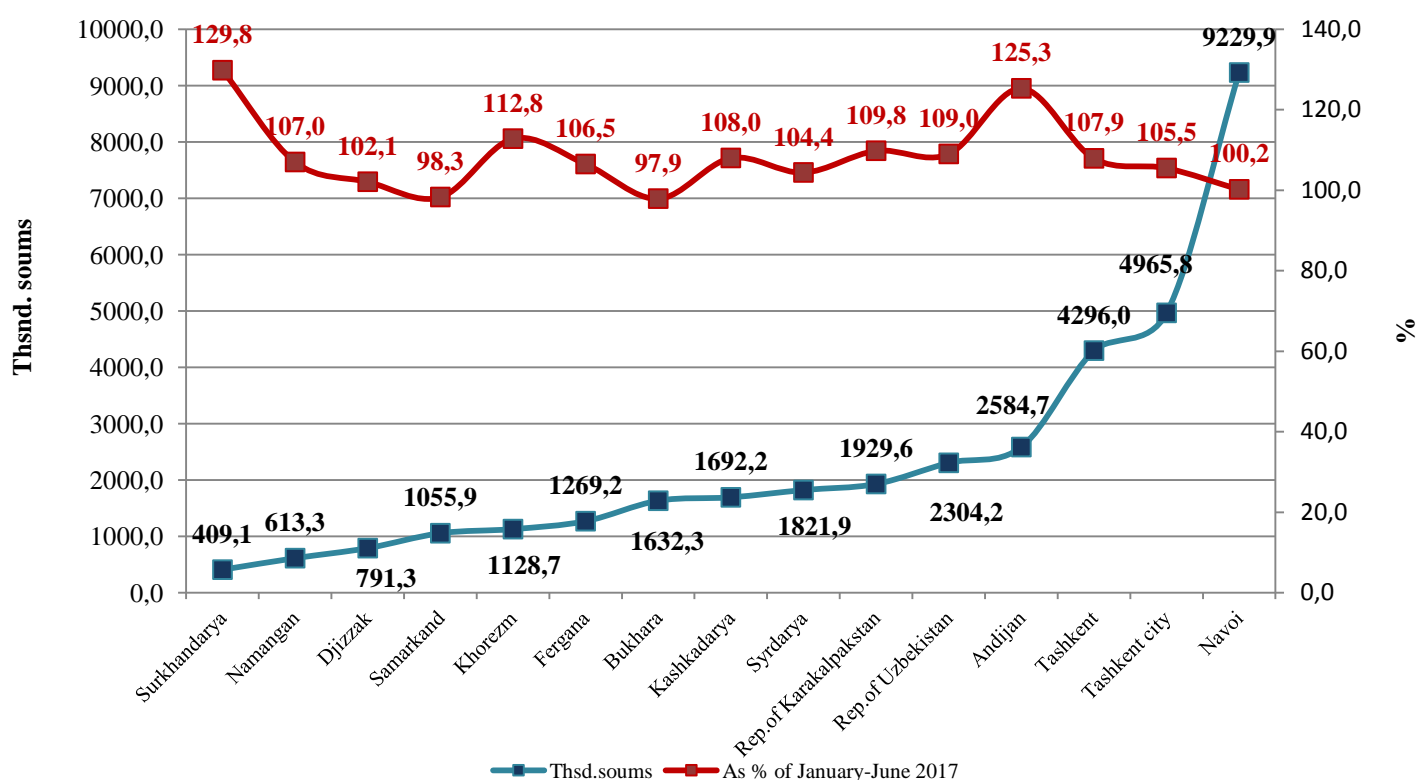
It should be noted that the implementation of high-tech projects for the production of competitive products contributed to a significant increase in production in Surkhandarya (129.9% by January-June 2017), Andijan (125.6%), Khorezm (114.2%), Tashkent (109, 5%), Kashkadarya (109.4%) regions and the Republic of Karakalpakstan (109.7%).

Volume and growth rates of consumer goods production by regions in January-June 2018



Analysis of the differentiation of output of industrial products per capita showed an excess of the average republican indicator (2,681.3 thousand soums) in the Navoi region (11112.7 thousand soums), Tashkent city (6552.8 thousand soums), Tashkent (5372.3 thousand soums) .sum) and Andijan (3210.9 thousand soums) regions.

Average per capita volume and growth rates of industrial production by regions for January-June 2018

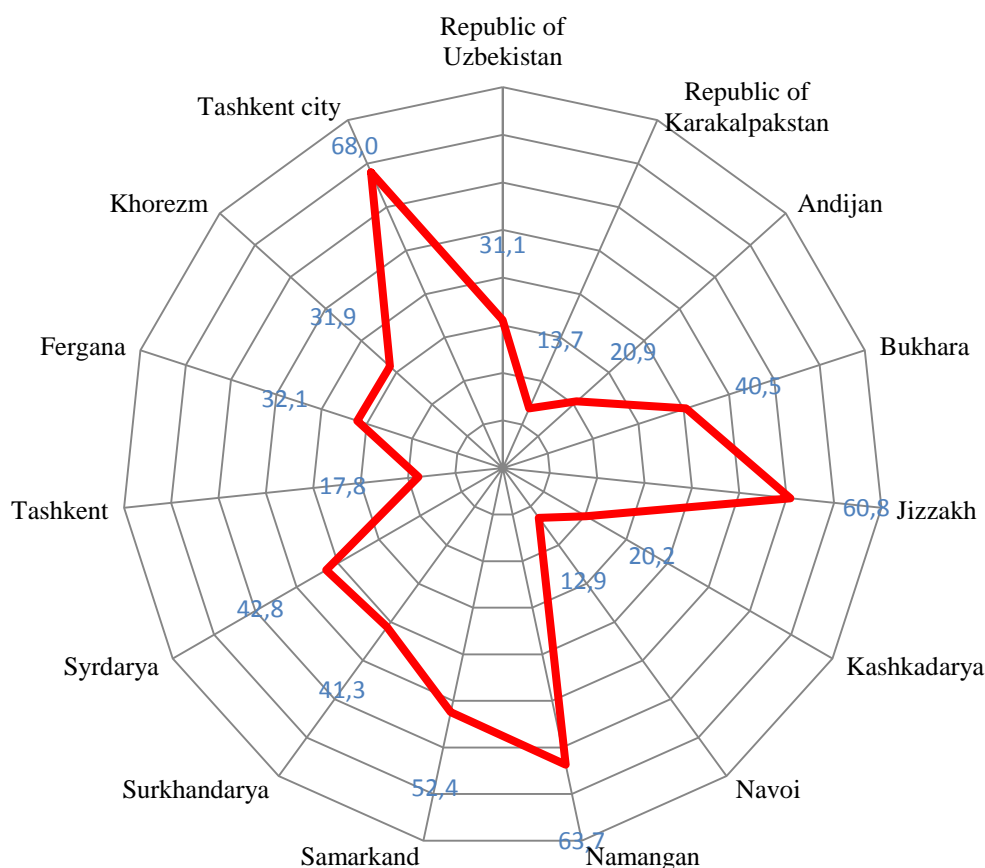


In terms of regions, high growth rates of per capita output of industrial output were observed in Surkhandarya (127.2% in January-June of 2017), Andijan (123.5%) and Khorezm (112.5%) regions. At the same time, low growth rates were observed in Samarkand (98.9%) and Navoi (99.8%) regions.

Dynamic development of industrial activity of small business entities ensured the growth of industrial production by the corresponding period of the previous year by 6.6%, while the share of small business in industry was 31,1%.

In terms of regions, the largest share of small business was observed in Tashkent (68.0% of total industry in the region), Namangan (63.7%), Jizzakh (60.8%) and Samarkand (52.4%). At the same time, the smallest share of small business was registered in the Republic of Karakalpakstan (13.7%), Navoi (12.9%), Tashkent (17.8%), Kashkadarya (20.2%) and Andijan (20.9%) regions.

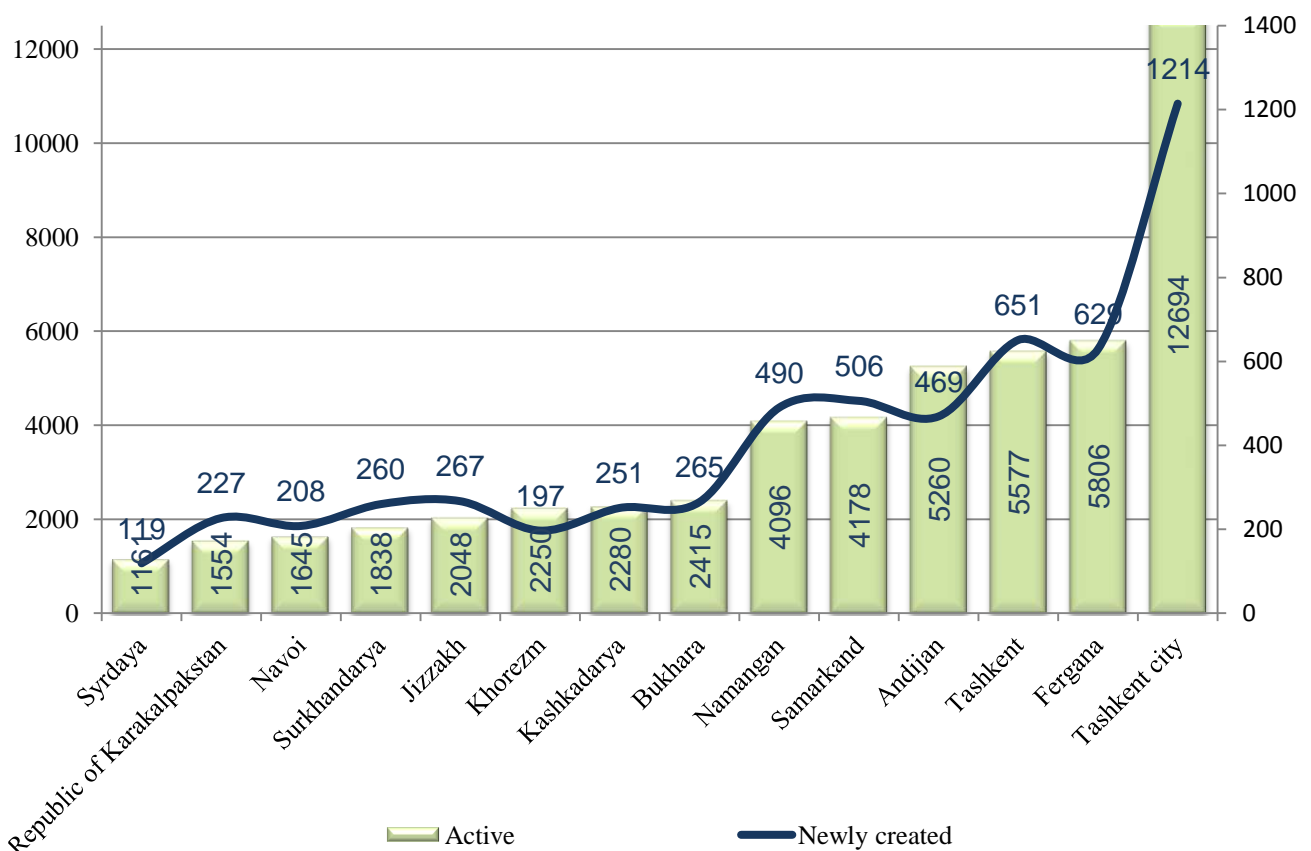
The share of small businesses in the total volume of industrial production by region in January-June 2018,%.



The existing and newly created enterprises of the industry .

At present, there are more than 52.8 thousand industrial enterprises in the republic, of which 5 573 enterprises are newly established in the reporting period. Almost 69% of newly established enterprises are located in Tashkent city, Tashkent, Fergana, Andijan, Samarkand and Namangan regions.

The number of existing and newly established industrial enterprises as of July 1, 2018, units.



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