



STATE COMMITTEE OF THE
REPUBLIC OF UZBEKISTAN ON STATISTICS

INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION OF THE REPUBLIC OF UZBEKISTAN

FOR JANUARY-DECEMBER 2020

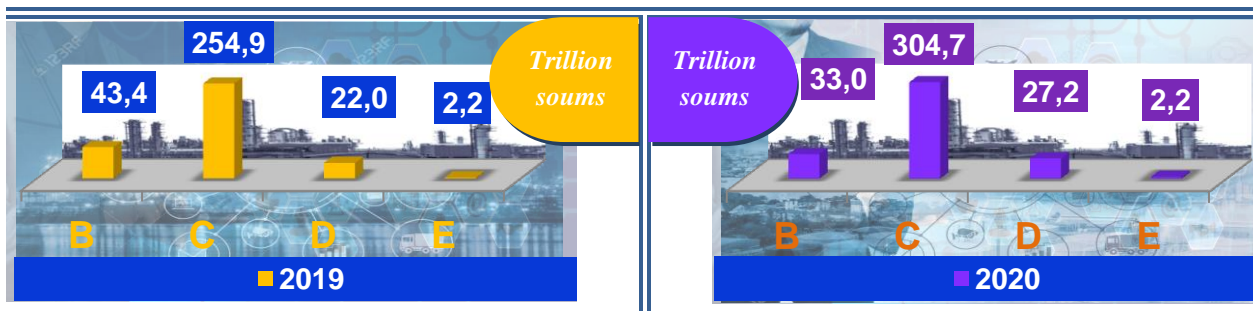
Department of Industry
Statistics
Tel: 71-202-80-46

Industrial production of the Republic of Uzbekistan

for January-December 2020

According to preliminary data, in January-December 2020, enterprises of the republic produced industrial products worth 367.1 trillion soums, the index of physical volume* of industrial production for the same period in 2019 amounted to 100.7%.

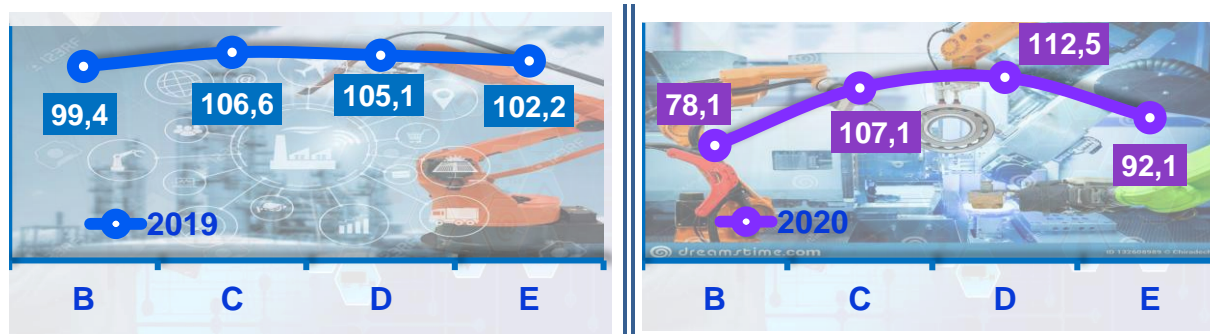
In the structure of production, the largest share falls on manufacturing enterprises (83.0%).



B – Mining and quarrying, C – manufacturing industry, D –electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning, E – water supply, sewerage, waste collection and disposal.

Industrial production by main types of economic activity,

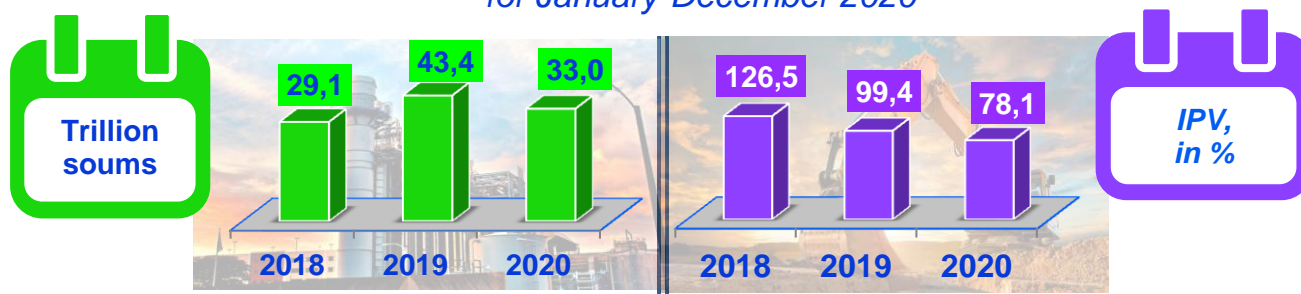
Physical Volume Index* in %



The main factors behind the decline in the physical volume of industrial production were its decrease in mining and quarrying enterprises - by 21.9%, in water supply, sewerage, waste collection and disposal - by 7.9%. At the same time, there is an increase in the volume of production in the processing industry by 7.1%, at the enterprises of power supply, gas, steam and air conditioning - by 12.5%.

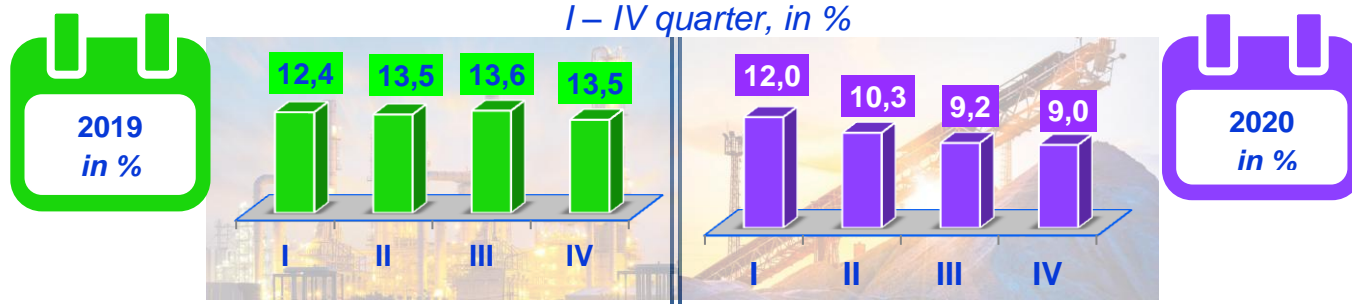
**The index of the physical volume of industrial production is a relative indicator that characterizes the change in the mass of products (works, services) in the compared periods.*

Mining and quarrying for January-December 2020



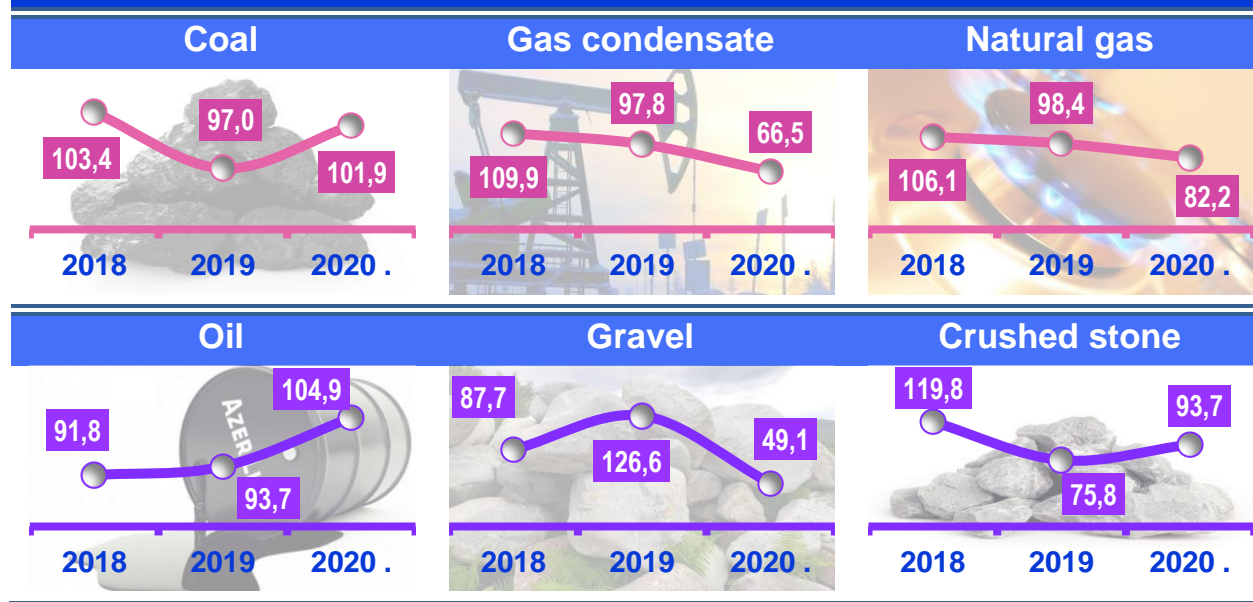
The volume of products manufactured by mining and quarrying enterprises in January-December 2020 amounted to 33.0 trillion soums, or 9.0% of the total industry.

Share for the period from the beginning of the year, I – IV quarter, in %



Industrial production by large mining and quarrying enterprises

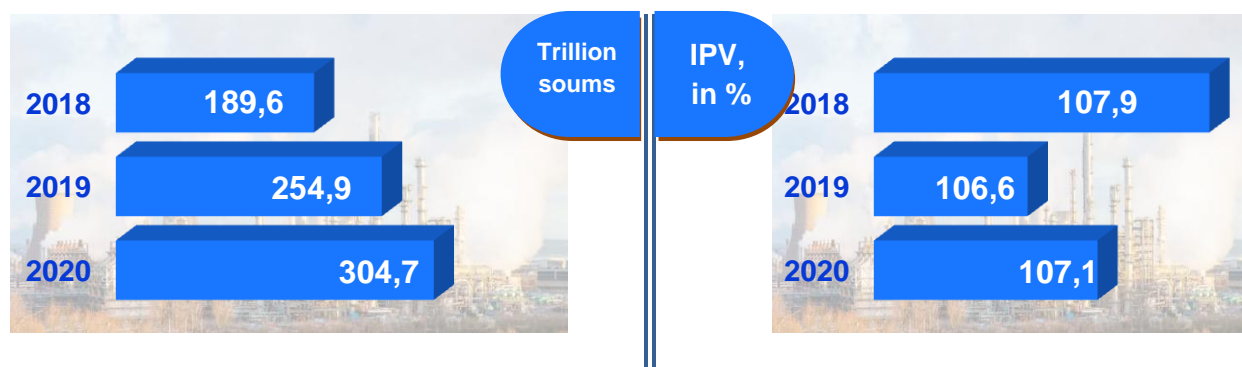
To the previous year, in %



**Industrial production by large mining
and quarrying enterprises**

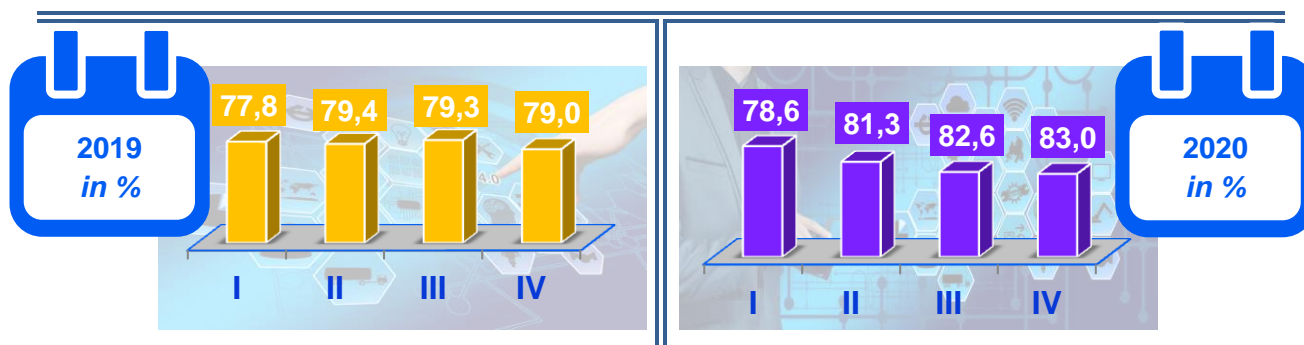
Products	January-December 2019	January-December 2020	difference +/-
Coal, <i>thousand tons</i>	4 055,1	4 131,8	76,7
Oil, <i>thousand tons</i>	699,5	733,6	34,1
Natural gas, <i>million cubic meters</i>	60 537,5	49 738,7	-10 798,8
Gas condensate, <i>thousand tons</i>	2 116,8	1 408,2	-708,6
Crushed stone, <i>thousand tons</i>	1 938,6	1 816,2	-122,4
Gravel, <i>thousand tons</i>	510,6	250,8	-259,7
Kaolin, <i>thousand tons</i>	377,2	373,4	-3,8

Manufacturing industry

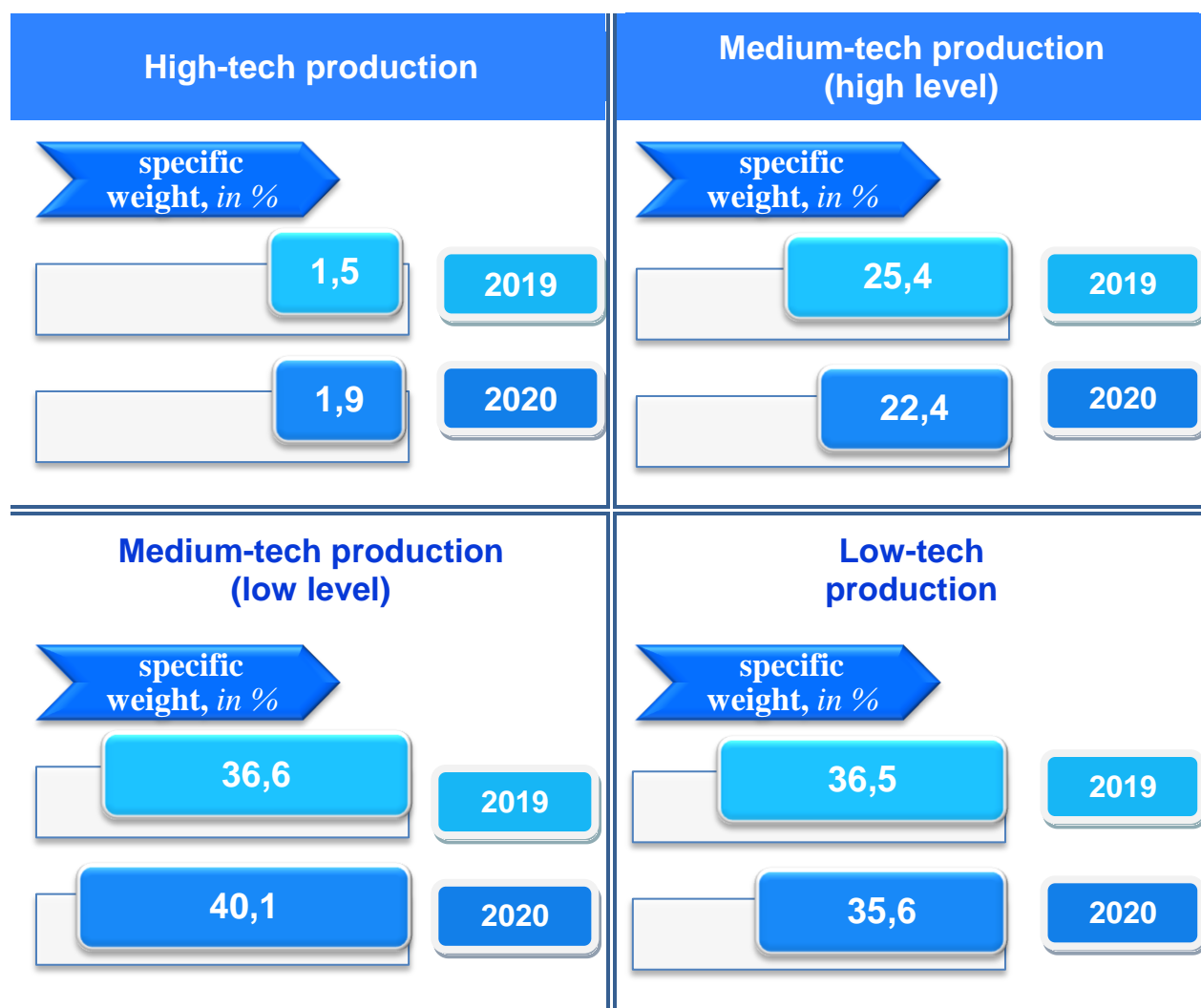


Manufacturing enterprises in January-December 2020 produced goods for 304.7 trillion soums, or 83.0% of the total industry.

**Share for the period from the beginning of the year,
I – IV quarters, in %**



In the structure of the manufacturing industry, the share of high-tech industries amounted to 1.9% (1.5% in January-December 2019), medium-high-tech - 22.4% (25.4%), medium-low-tech - 40.1% (36.6%) and low-tech - 35.6% (36.5%).



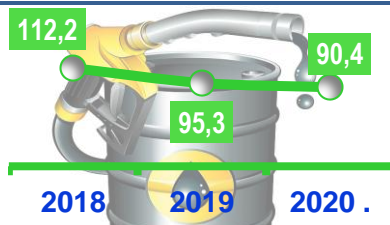
In the volume of the manufacturing industry, the share of enterprises for the production, repair, assembly of machinery and equipment, the production of cars, trailers, semi-trailers and other finished products amounted to 19.4% (the volume index reached 107.6% by January-December 2019), the metallurgical industry - 26.0% (106.3%), enterprises for the production of textile, clothing and leather products - 15.8% (112.0%), for the production of food, drinks and tobacco products - 16.9% (107.5%), enterprises for the production of chemical products, rubber and plastic products - 6.9% (107.0%).

Manufacturing of industrial products by large manufacturing enterprises

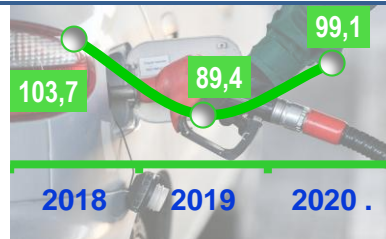
In January-December 2020, the republic produced 1 016.3 thousand tons of motor gasoline (compared to the corresponding period of 2019, a decrease of 0.9%), 460.5 thousand tons of cotton yarn (an increase of 1.7%), 1 833.9 thousand tons of soft wheat flour and spelled (8.0%) and 232.7 million liters of beer (12.4%).

To the previous year, in %

**Diesel
fuel**



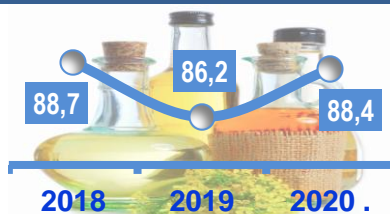
Automobile gasoline



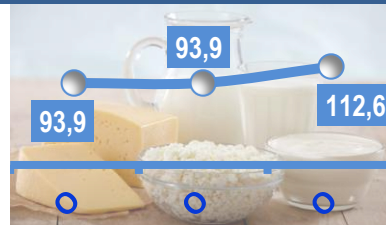
Portland cement



Vegetable oil (refined)



Cheese and curd



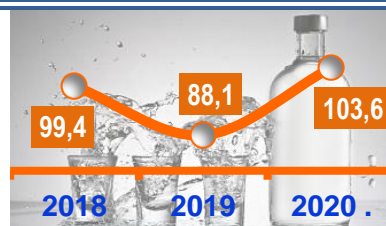
**Wheat flour
and spelled**



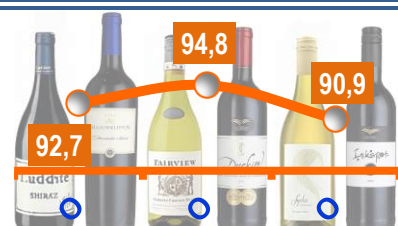
Beer



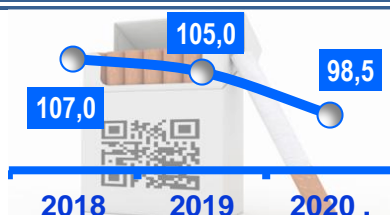
Vodka



Grape wines



**Tobacco
products**



Cotton seed



Cotton yarn

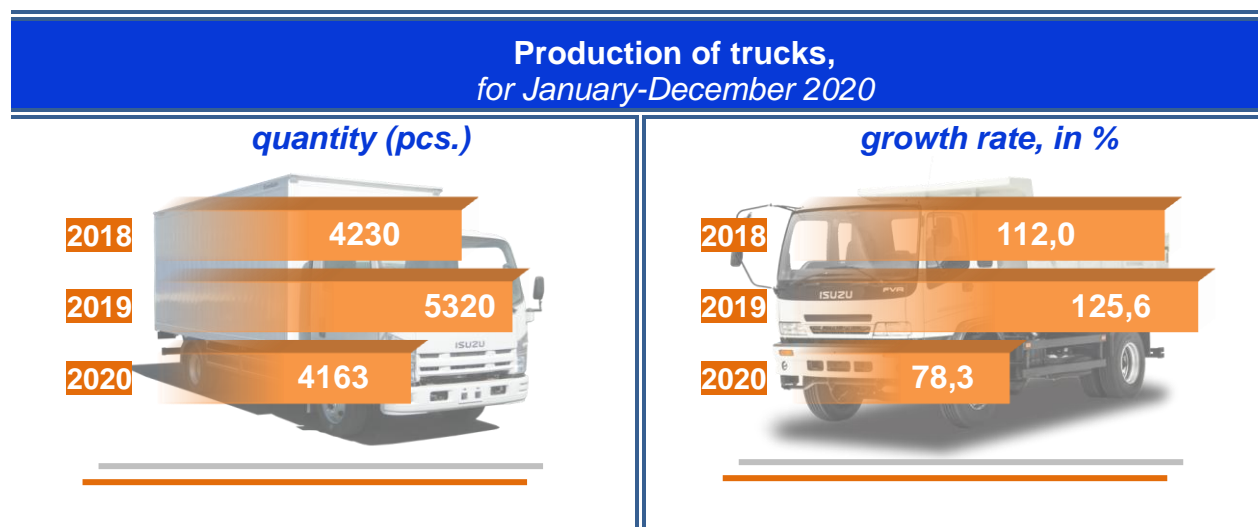


Manufacturing of industrial products
by large manufacturing enterprises

Products	January-December 2019	January-December 2020	<i>difference +/-</i>
Passenger cars, <i>pcs.</i>	271108	280080	8972
Trucks, <i>pcs.</i>	5320	4163	-1157
Automotive engines, <i>thousand units</i>	200,6	222,4	21,8
Flour from soft wheat and spelled, <i>thousand tons</i>	1697,4	1833,9	136,5
Cotton fiber, <i>thousand tons</i>	487,5	574,8	87,3
Vegetable oil (refined), <i>thousand tons</i>	182,5	161,4	-21,1

In January-December 2020, 4163 trucks were produced in the republic (by the corresponding period of 2019, the volume of production decreased by 21.7%).

In 2020, the largest production volume of these products was recorded in December, amounting to 437 units.



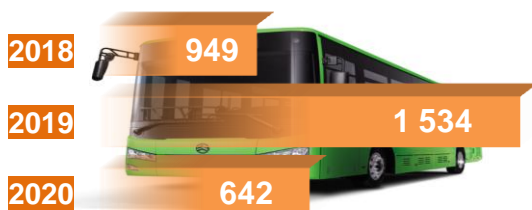
Manufacturing of industrial products by large manufacturing enterprises

In January-December 2020, 642 units were produced in the republic. buses (by the corresponding period of 2019, there was a decrease in production by 58.1%).

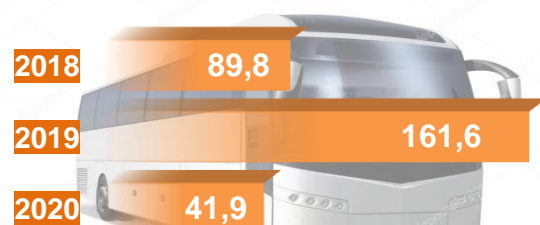
The largest production volume in 2020 was recorded in March, amounting to 176 units.

Bus production, for January-December 2020

quantity (pcs.)



growth rate, in %

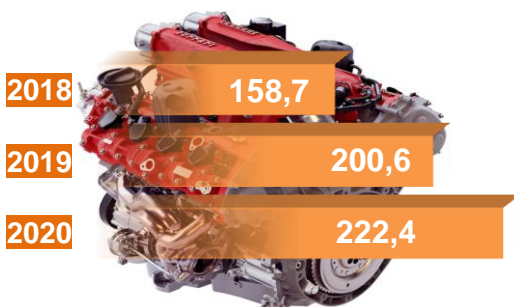


In January-December 2020, 222.4 thousand units were produced in the republic. automotive engines (an increase of 10.8% over the corresponding period of 2019).

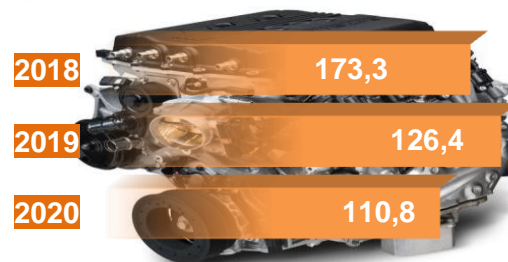
In 2020, the largest volume of production of these products was noted in July, amounting to 24.1 thousand units.

Manufacture of automobile engines, for January-December 2020

quantity (thousand pcs.)



growth rate, in %

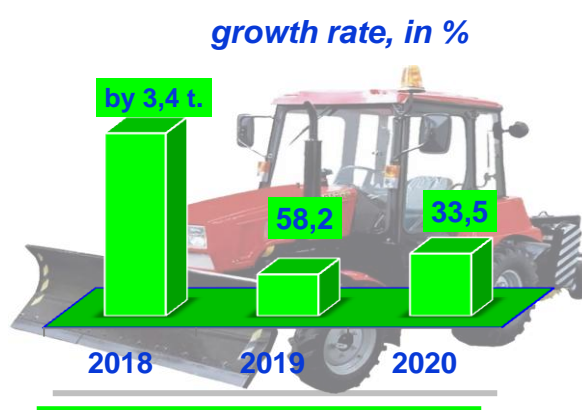
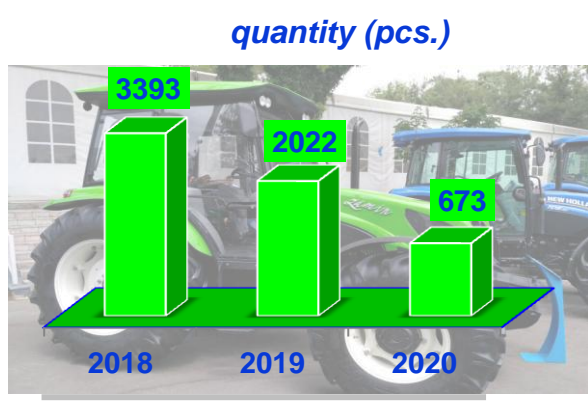


Manufacturing of industrial products by large manufacturing enterprises

In January-December 2020, 673 tractors were produced in the republic (by January-September 2019, the volume of production decreased by 66.5%).

The largest volume of tractor production was recorded in April 2020, amounting to 234 units.

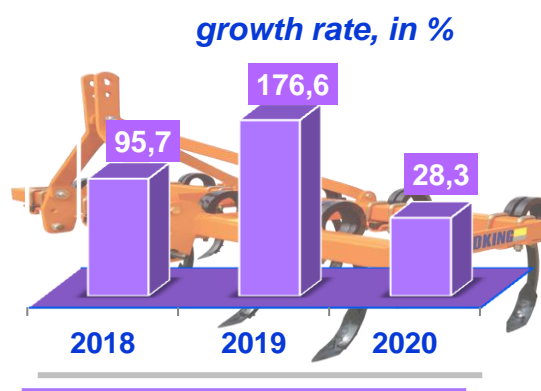
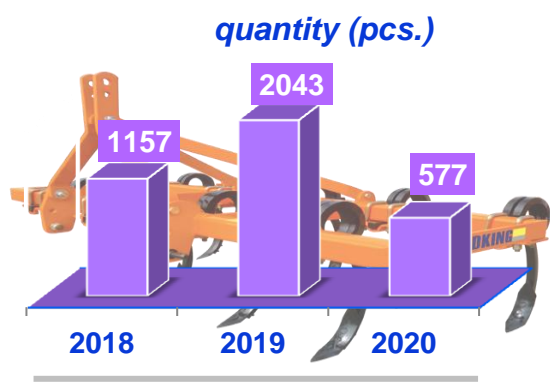
Tractor manufacturing, for January-December 2020



In January-December 2020, 577 units were produced in the republic rippers and cultivators (by the corresponding period of 2019, a decrease in production by 71.7% was recorded).

In April 2020, the largest production volume of these products was noted, amounting to 144 units.

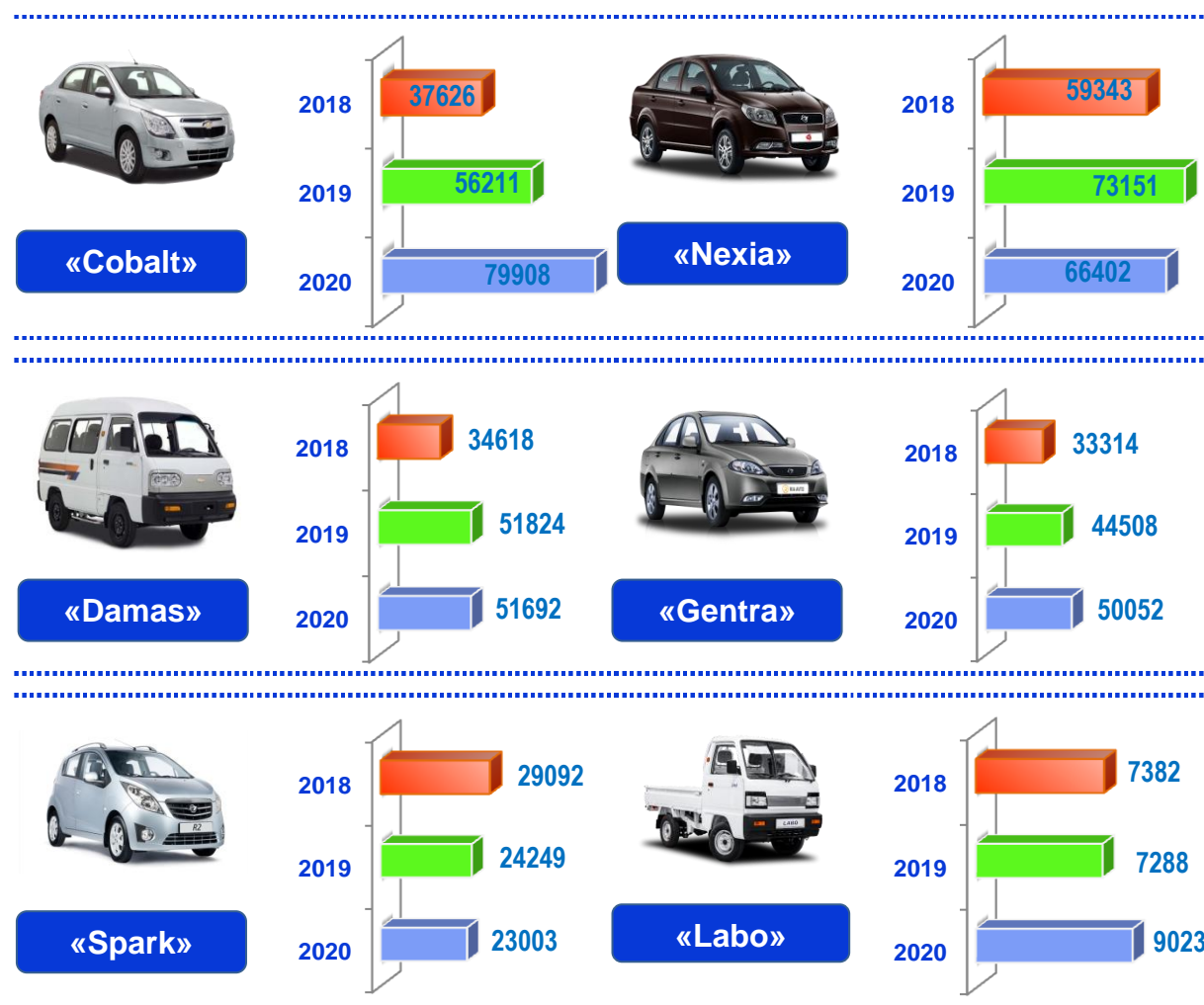
Production of rippers and cultivators, for January-December 2020



Compared to the same period in 2019, the manufacturing industry increased the production of passenger cars by 1.0 times, automobile engines - by 1.1 times, radiators, mufflers and exhaust pipes, clutches, steering wheels, steering columns, steering box housings and their parts - by 1.1 times.

In the automotive industry in January-December 2020, 79 908 Cobalt cars were produced (growth rates compared to the same period in 2019 were 142.2%), 66 402 - Nexia (90.8%), 50 052 - Gentra (112.5%), 51 692 - Damas (99.8%), 23 003 - Spark (94.9%) and 9 023 - Labo (123.8%).

Car production in the Republic of Uzbekistan (for January-December, pcs.)

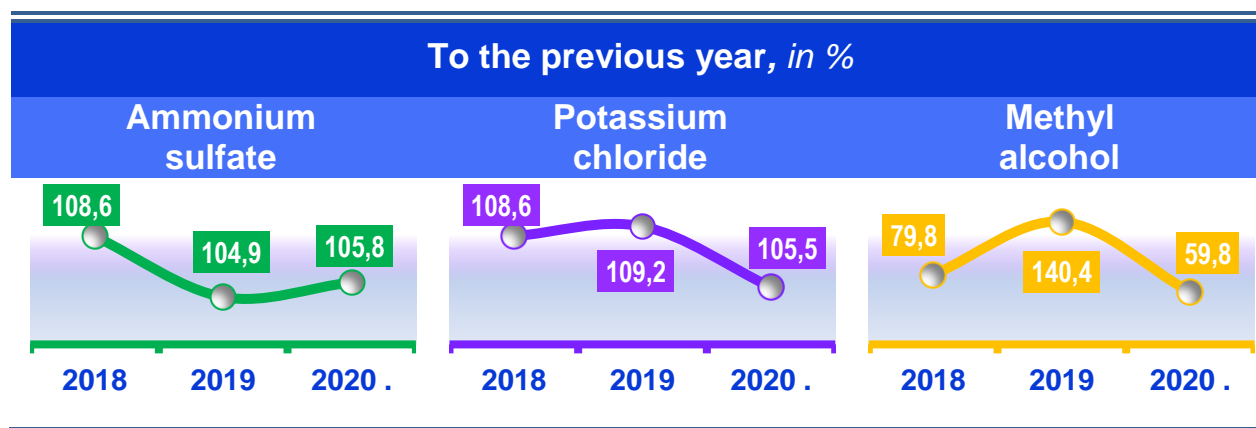


Production by large manufacturing enterprises
of certain types of products

Product	January-December 2019	January-December 2020	difference +/-
Paints and varnishes based on acrylic or vinyl polymers, tons	17937,3	17452,8	-484,5
Portland cement, thsd pc.	10129,9	10273,8	143,9
Tobacco products, mln pc.	11504,0	11333,0	-171
Diesel fuel, thousand tons	1030,5	931,1	-99,4
Motor gasoline, thousand tons	1025,1	1016,3	-8,8

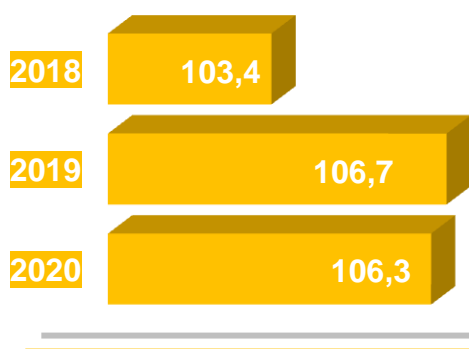
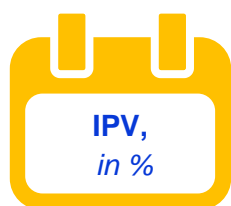
The overhaul of technological equipment made it possible to increase the capacity utilization of chemical enterprises and exceed the production figures of the previous year for ammonium sulfate 105.8 (% against January-December 2019), potassium chloride (105.5%) and caustic soda (in 3.9 times.).

At the same time, there is a decrease in the production of methyl alcohol (59.8% compared to January-December 2019), paints and varnishes based on acrylic or vinyl polymers (97.3%).



Metallurgical industry

(for January-December, 2020)



If in January-December 2019 the share of the metallurgical industry in the structure of the manufacturing industry was 22.5%, and the physical volume index increased by 6.7%, then in January-December 2020 the share of the industry in the manufacturing industry was 26.0 %, the index of physical volume increased by 6.3%, while the production volume amounted to 79 165.9 billion soums.

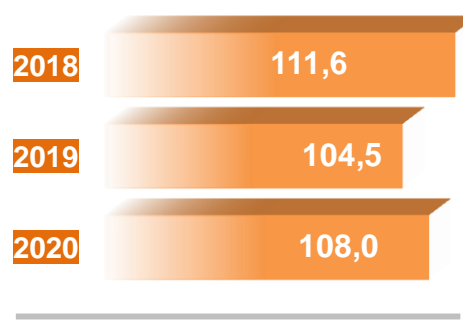
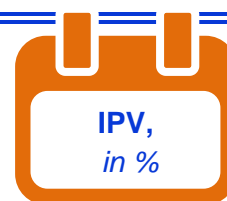
For reference: in January-December 2020, capital investments in the metallurgical industry amounted to 10 780.0 billion soums. The main source of financing in the metallurgical industry is foreign investment and loans, which amounted to 8 183.1 billion soums. Of these, 901.8 billion soums were attracted through direct foreign investments.

Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products

(for January-December, 2020)

In January-December 2019, the share of production of other non-metallic mineral products in the structure of the manufacturing industry amounted to 5.4%, while the physical volume index, in relation to the same period in 2018, increased by 4.5%.

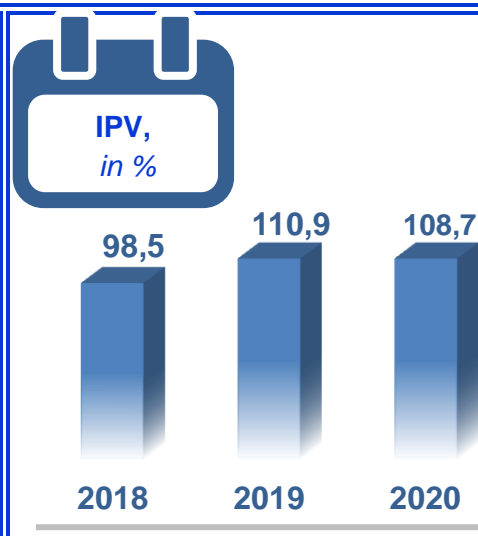
In January-December 2020, the share of other non-metallic mineral products amounted to 5.5%, the index of physical production increased by 8.0%, and the volume of production amounted to 16 614.1 billion soums.



Food production

(for January-December, 2020)

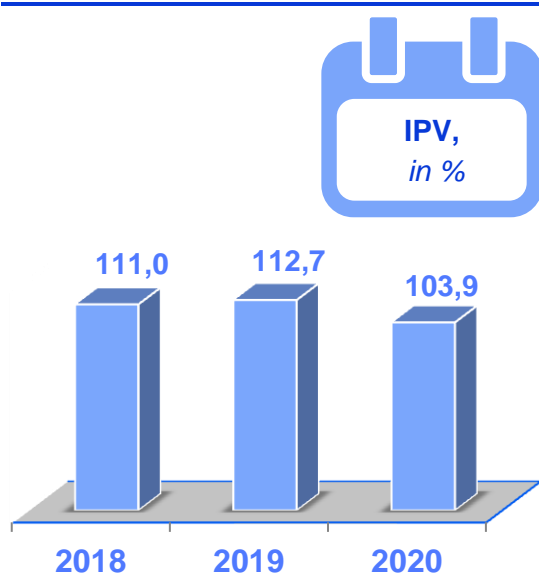
If in January-December 2019 the share of food production in the manufacturing industry amounted to 13.9%, and the physical volume index, in relation to the previous year, reached 110.9%, then in January-December 2020 the share of food amounted to 13.9%, the index of the physical volume increased by 8.7%, the total production volume amounted to 42 388.2 billion soums.



For reference: in January-December 2020, capital investments in food production amounted to 3 889.0 billion soums. The main source of financing in the field of food production was foreign investment and loans, which amounted to 1 713.4 billion soums. Of these, 423.1 billion soums were attracted through direct foreign investments.

Beverage production

(for January-December, 2020)



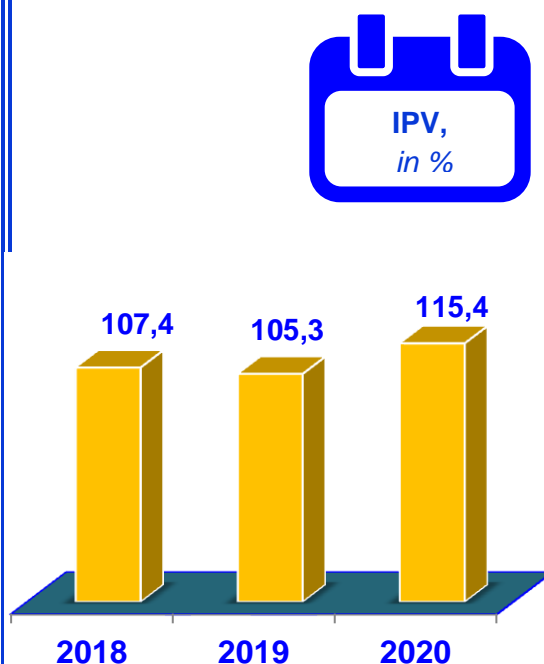
At the end of January-December 2019, the share of beverage production in the structure of the processing industry amounted to 2.5%, while the volume index, in relation to the same period of the previous year, increased by 12.7%.

In January-December 2020, the share of beverage production amounted to 2.4%, the physical volume index increased by 3.9%, and the production volume amounted to 7 308.7 billion soums.

Manufacture of textiles (for January-December, 2020)

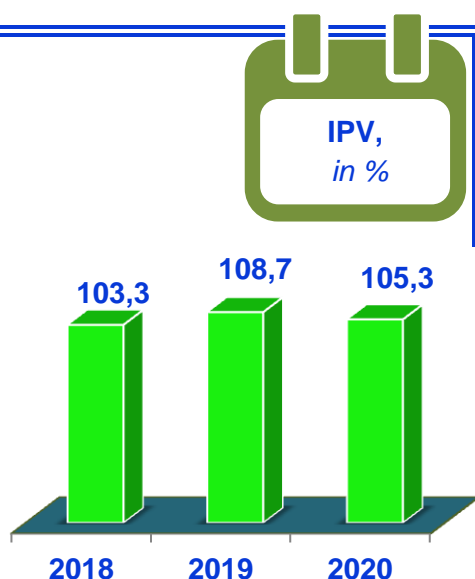
At the end of January-December 2019, the share of textile production in the structure of the manufacturing industry amounted to 11.8%, while the physical volume index, in relation to the same period of the previous year, increased by 5.3%.

In January-December 2020, the share of textile production amounted to 11.9%, the index of the physical volume of their production increased by 15.4%, and the volume of production amounted to 36 230.8 billion soums.



For reference: in January-December 2020, capital investments in the textile industry amounted to 12 411.9 billion soums. The main source of financing in this area was foreign investments and loans, which amounted to 7 182.2 billion soums. Of these, 2 313.4 billion soums were attracted through direct foreign investments.

Manufacture of wearing apparel (for January-December, 2020)

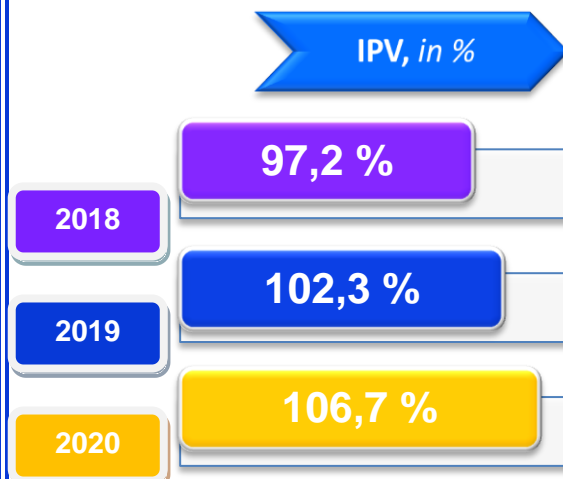


If in January-December 2019 the share of clothing production in the structure of the manufacturing industry was 3.6%, and the physical volume index increased by 8.7%, then in January-December 2020 the share of the industry in the manufacturing industry was 3.4%, the physical volume index increased by 5.3%, while the production volume amounted to 10 212.2 billion soums.

Chemical production (for January-December, 2020)

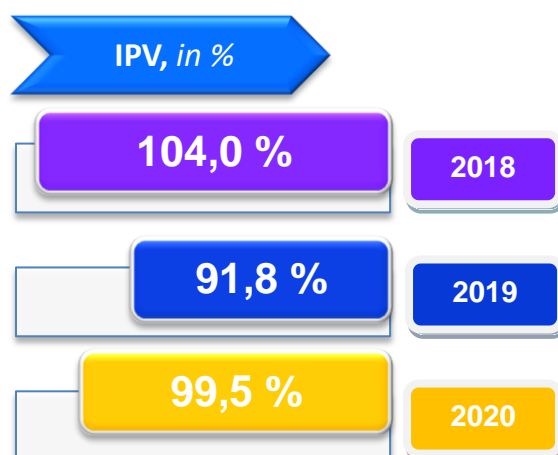
In January-December 2019, the share of chemical production in the structure of the manufacturing industry was 7.4%, while the physical volume index, in relation to the same period in 2018, increased by 2.3%.

In January-December 2020, the share of chemical products amounted to 6.9%, the index of physical volume of production increased by 6.7%, and the volume of production amounted to 20 923.2 billion soums.



For reference: in January-December 2020, capital investments in the chemical industry amounted to 4 394.4 billion soums. The main source of financing in this area was foreign investments and loans, which amounted to 3 446.2 billion soums. Of these, 730.1 billion soums were attracted through direct foreign investments.

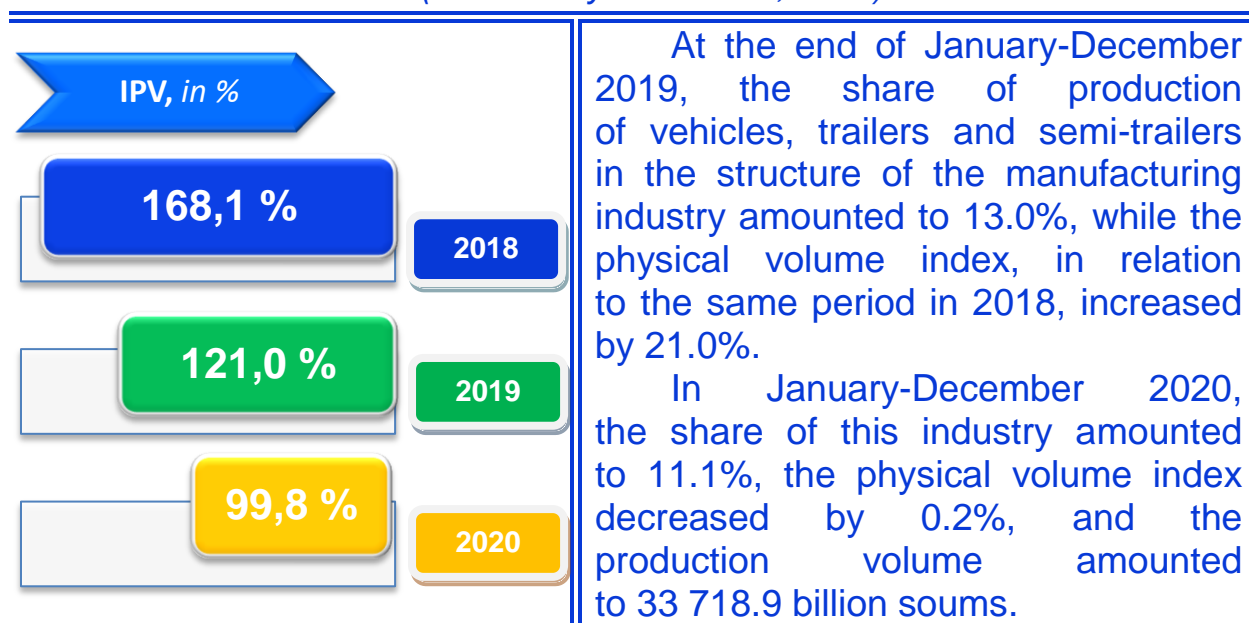
Production of coke and refined petroleum products (for January-December, 2020)



At the end of January-December 2019, the share of coke and product production in the structure of the manufacturing industry amounted to 3.9%, while the physical volume index, in relation to the same period of the previous year, decreased by 8.2%.

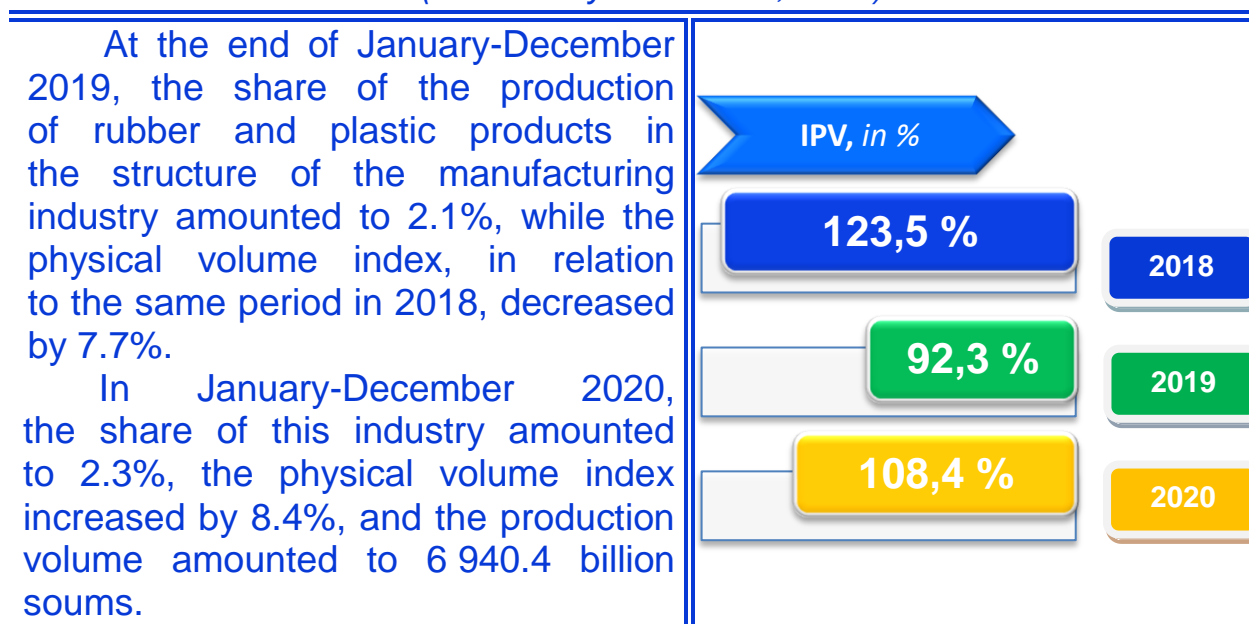
In January-December 2020, the share of coke and product production amounted to 3.7%, the physical volume index also decreased by 0.5%, and the production volume amounted to 11 125.0 billion soums.

Manufacture of motor vehicles, trailers and semi-trailers (for January-December, 2020)



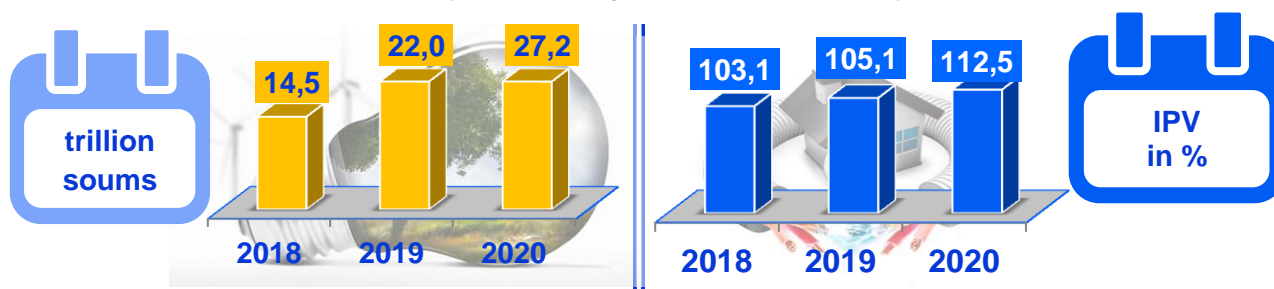
For reference: in January-September 2020, capital investments in the production of rubber and plastic products amounted to 2 236.8 billion soums. The main source of financing in this area was foreign investments and loans, which amounted to 535.5 billion soums.

Manufacture of rubber and plastic products (for January-December, 2020)



Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning

(for January-December, 2020)

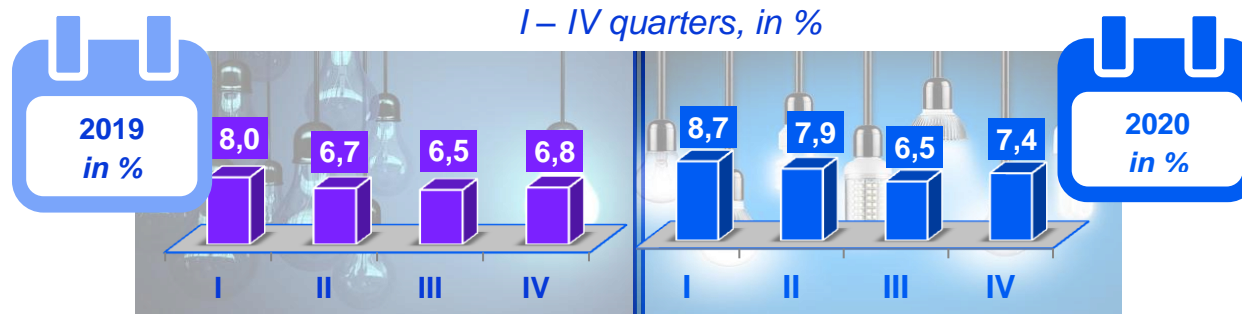


The volume of products manufactured by enterprises of electricity supply, gas, steam and air conditioning amounted to 27.2 trillion soums (7.4% of the total industry).

The index of the physical volume of the industry, compared to the corresponding period of 2019, increased by 12.5%.

Share for the period from the beginning of the year,

I – IV quarters, in %

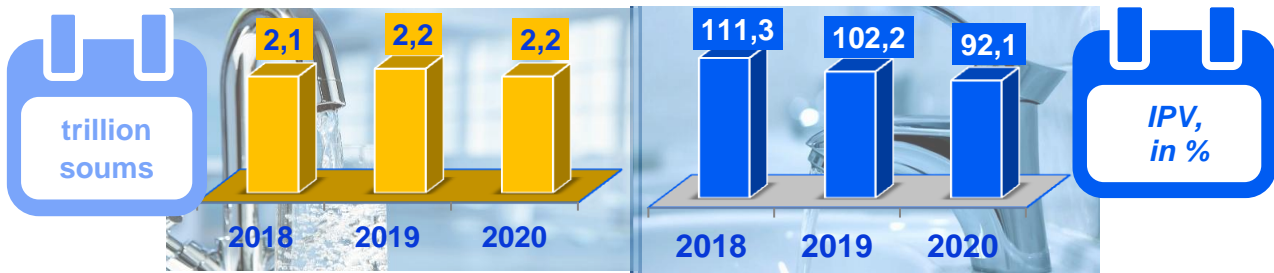


Production by large enterprises of power supply, gas, steam and air conditioning of certain types of industrial products

Product name	January-December 2019	January-December 2019	difference +/-
Electricity, million kW / h	63 080,5	64 961,0	1 880,5
Heat energy, thousand Gcal	31 569,6	27 703,3	-3 866,3
Gas from underground coal gasification, thousand cubic meters	269 218,0	308 094,0	38 876

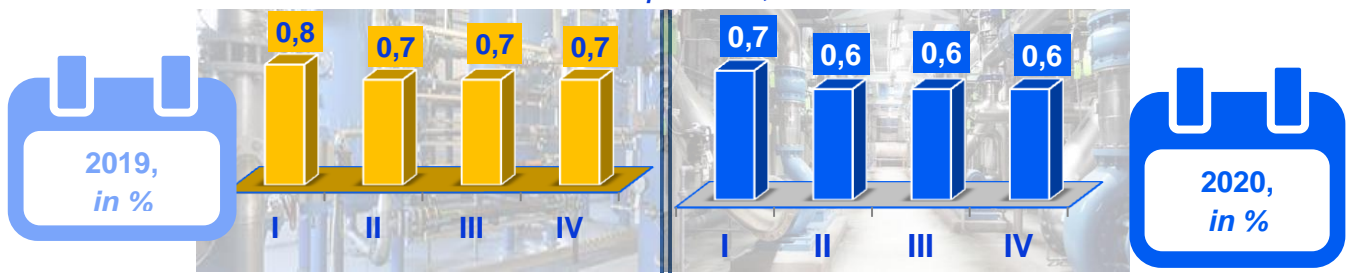
Water supply, sewerage, waste collection and disposal

(for January-December, 2020)



The volume of products produced by enterprises of water supply, sewerage, waste collection and disposal amounted to 2.2 trillion soums (0.6% of the total industry).

**Share for the period from the beginning of the year,
I – IV quarters, in %**

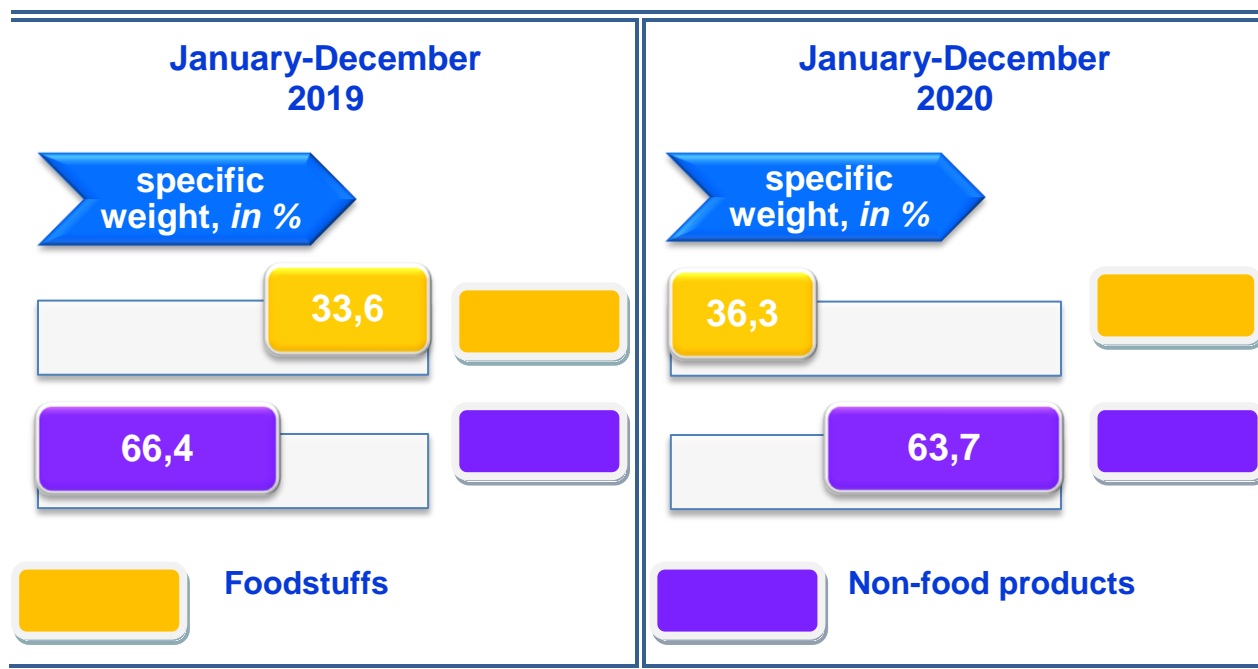


Product	January-December 2019	January-December 2020	difference +/-
Services for the removal, transportation and treatment of wastewater, <i>billion soums</i>	212,8	214,8	2,0
Services for emptying, cleaning and processing cesspools, sedimentation tanks and septic tanks, <i>billion soums</i>	340,6	498,5	157,9
Textile waste, <i>tons</i>	14645,3	13407,1	-1238,8

Compared to the corresponding period of 2019, there was an increase in services for the emptying, cleaning and processing of cesspools, sedimentation tanks and septic tanks - by 46.4%. At the same time, a decrease in the production of textile waste by 8.5% was recorded.

Consumer goods manufacturing

As a result of measures taken to expand the range and stimulate the production of finished products, the production of consumer goods amounted to 119.2 trillion soums and, compared to the corresponding period of 2019, the growth rate was 103.6%, the share in the total volume of industry was 32.5%.



In the structure of food production, the production of wine and vodka and beer amounted to 7.1% (7.9% in January-December 2019).

In the structure of consumer goods production in the republic, the largest share falls on the Andijan region (22.3% of the total volume of consumer goods), Tashkent city (18.4%), Tashkent (11.0%), Samarkand (9.8%) and Fergana (6.3%) regions.

The largest growth in the production of consumer goods was recorded in Samarkand (115.4% compared to the corresponding period of 2019), Bukhara (113.5%), Surkhandarya (111.7%), Namangan (109.1%) regions and the Republic of Karakalpakstan (110.0%), exceeding the national average (103.6%).






























**Production volume, structure and growth rates
of consumer goods by region
(for January-December, 2020)**

	Billion soums	Specific weight, %	Growth rate, %
	119 159,8	100,0	103,6
Republic of Uzbekistan			
	Billion soums	Specific weight, %	Growth rate, %
	2818,3	2,4	110,0
Rep. of Karakalpakstan			
	Billion soums	Specific weight, %	Growth rate, %
	11677,9	9,8	115,4
Samarkand			
	Billion soums	Specific weight, %	Growth rate, %
	26611,1	22,3	99,6
Andijan			
	Billion soums	Specific weight, %	Growth rate, %
	2032,4	1,7	111,7
Surkhandarya			
	Billion soums	Specific weight, %	Growth rate, %
	6634,5	5,6	113,5
Bukhara			
	Billion soums	Specific weight, %	Growth rate, %
	2525,4	2,1	89,6
Syrdarya			
	Billion soums	Specific weight, %	Growth rate, %
	13153,1	11,0	108,7
Tashkent			
	Billion soums	Specific weight, %	Growth rate, %
	2591,8	2,2	106,7
Jizzakh			
	Billion soums	Specific weight, %	Growth rate, %
	4480,3	3,8	105,7
Kashkadarya			
	Billion soums	Specific weight, %	Growth rate, %
	7450,0	6,3	100,1
Fergana			
	Billion soums	Specific weight, %	Growth rate, %
	6202,7	5,2	104,5
Khorezm			
	Billion soums	Specific weight, %	Growth rate, %
	3866,3	3,2	104,4
Navoi			
	Billion soums	Specific weight, %	Growth rate, %
	6192,1	5,2	109,1
Namangan			
	Billion soums	Specific weight, %	Growth rate, %
	21971,1	18,4	102,0
Tashkent city			

In the structure of production of non-food products of the republic, the largest share falls on the Andijan region (32.0% of the total volume of non-food products), Tashkent city (16.6%), Samarkand (9.4%), Tashkent (8.0%) and Khorezm (6.0%) regions.

The largest growth in the production of non-food products was recorded in Samarkand (115.6% compared to the corresponding period of 2019), Bukhara (111.3%), Surkhandarya (109.6%) and the Republic of Karakalpakstan (109.4%) regions.
















**Production volume, structure and growth rates
of non-food products by region**
(for January-December, 2020)

	Billion soums		Specific weight, %	Growth rate, %
	75 918,3		100,0	102,8
	Republic of Uzbekistan			
	Billion soums	Specific weight, %	Growth rate, %	
	1 138,6	1,5	109,4	
	Rep. of Karakalpakstan			
	Billion soums	Specific weight, %	Growth rate, %	
	24 262,1	32,0	99,3	
	Andijan			
	Billion soums	Specific weight, %	Growth rate, %	
	4 063,3	5,4	111,3	
	Bukhara			
	Billion soums	Specific weight, %	Growth rate, %	
	1 708,7	2,3	106,5	
	Jizzakh			
	Billion soums	Specific weight, %	Growth rate, %	
	1 708,9	2,3	101,7	
	Kashkadarya			
	Billion soums	Specific weight, %	Growth rate, %	
	2 293,6	3,0	103,0	
	Navoi			
	Billion soums	Specific weight, %	Growth rate, %	
	3 896,9	5,1	106,5	
	Namangan			
	Billion soums	Specific weight, %	Growth rate, %	
	7 132,1	9,4	115,6	
	Samarkand			
	Billion soums	Specific weight, %	Growth rate, %	
	935,2	1,2	109,6	
	Surkhandarya			
	Billion soums	Specific weight, %	Growth rate, %	
	1 227	1,6	84,2	
	Syrdarya			
	Billion soums	Specific weight, %	Growth rate, %	
	6 059,1	8,0	105,0	
	Tashkent			
	Billion soums	Specific weight, %	Growth rate, %	
	4 348,1	5,7	94,9	
	Fergana			
	Billion soums	Specific weight, %	Growth rate, %	
	4 566,8	6,0	103,4	
	Khorezm			
	Billion soums	Specific weight, %	Growth rate, %	
	12 577,9	16,6	102,1	
	Tashkent city			

In the structure of food production in the republic, the largest share falls on the city of Tashkent (21.7% of the total volume of food products), Tashkent (16.4%) and Samarkand (10.5%) regions.

At the same time, the largest growth in food production was recorded in Bukhara (117.1%), Samarkand (115.1%) and Tashkent (112.1%) regions.

**Production volume, structure and growth rates
of food products by region**
(for January-December, 2020)

	Billion soums	Specific weight, %	Growth rate, %
	43 241,5	100,0	105,1
Republic of Uzbekistan			
	Billion soums	Specific weight, %	Growth rate, %
	1 679,7	3,9	110,4
Rep. of Karakalpakstan			
	Billion soums	Specific weight, %	Growth rate, %
	4 545,8	10,5	115,1
Samarkand			
	Billion soums	Specific weight, %	Growth rate, %
	2 349,0	5,4	103,6
Andijan			
	Billion soums	Specific weight, %	Growth rate, %
	1 097,2	2,5	113,6
Surkhandarya			
	Billion soums	Specific weight, %	Growth rate, %
	257,2	5,9	117,1
Bukhara			
	Billion soums	Specific weight, %	Growth rate, %
	1 298,4	3,0	95,4
Syrdarya			
	Billion soums	Specific weight, %	Growth rate, %
	883,1	2,0	107,1
Jizzakh			
	Billion soums	Specific weight, %	Growth rate, %
	7 094,0	16,4	112,1
Tashkent			
	Billion soums	Specific weight, %	Growth rate, %
	2 771,4	6,4	108,3
Kashkadarya			
	Billion soums	Specific weight, %	Growth rate, %
	3 101,9	7,2	108,4
Fergana			
	Billion soums	Specific weight, %	Growth rate, %
	1 572,7	3,6	106,6
Navoi			
	Billion soums	Specific weight, %	Growth rate, %
	1 635,9	3,8	107,6
Khorezm			
	Billion soums	Specific weight, %	Growth rate, %
	2 295,2	5,3	113,8
Namangan			
	Billion soums	Specific weight, %	Growth rate, %
	9 393,2	21,7	101,9
Tashkent city			

**Production of products by enterprises
with foreign investment**

for January-December 2020

During the reporting period, enterprises with foreign investment produced goods worth 83.3 trillion soums, the specific weight of which in the total production volume was 22.7%.

Industrial production of regions
for January-December 2020

	Billion soums		Specific weight,%	Growth rate, %			
	367 078,9		100,0	100,7			
	Republic of Uzbekistan*						
	Billion soums	Specific weight,%	Growth rate, %		Billion soums	Specific weight,%	Growth rate, %
	14 144,8	3,9	104,1		18 072,8	4,9	102,3
	Rep. of Karakalpakstan				Samarkand		
	Billion soums	Specific weight,%	Growth rate, %		Billion soums	Specific weight,%	Growth rate, %
	35 593,3	9,7	104,6		5 515,9	1,5	113,9
	Andijan				Surkhandarya		
	Billion soums	Specific weight,%	Growth rate, %		Billion soums	Specific weight,%	Growth rate, %
	17 567,1	4,8	100,6		7 928,7	2,2	101,0
	Bukhara				Syrdarya		
	Billion soums	Specific weight,%	Growth rate, %		Billion soums	Specific weight,%	Growth rate, %
	5 560,0	1,5	107,1		64 765,3	17,6	103,8
	Jizzakh				Tashkent		
	Billion soums	Specific weight,%	Growth rate, %		Billion soums	Specific weight,%	Growth rate, %
	14 574,8	4,0	100,5		21 610,6	5,9	101,7
	Kashkadarya				Fergana		
	Billion soums	Specific weight,%	Growth rate, %		Billion soums	Specific weight,%	Growth rate, %
	65 116,7	17,7	109,4		9 417,0	2,6	103,6
	Navoi				Khorezm		
	Billion soums	Specific weight,%	Growth rate, %		Billion soums	Specific weight,%	Growth rate, %
	10 950,8	3,0	115,8		66 822,8	18,2	100,6
	Namangan				Tashkent city		

* including unallocated data by region

**Index of physical volume of industrial production
and growth rates of consumer goods
by regions of the Republic of Uzbekistan, %**

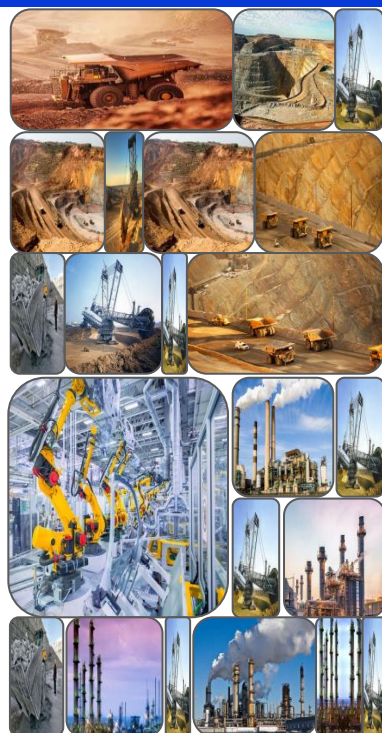
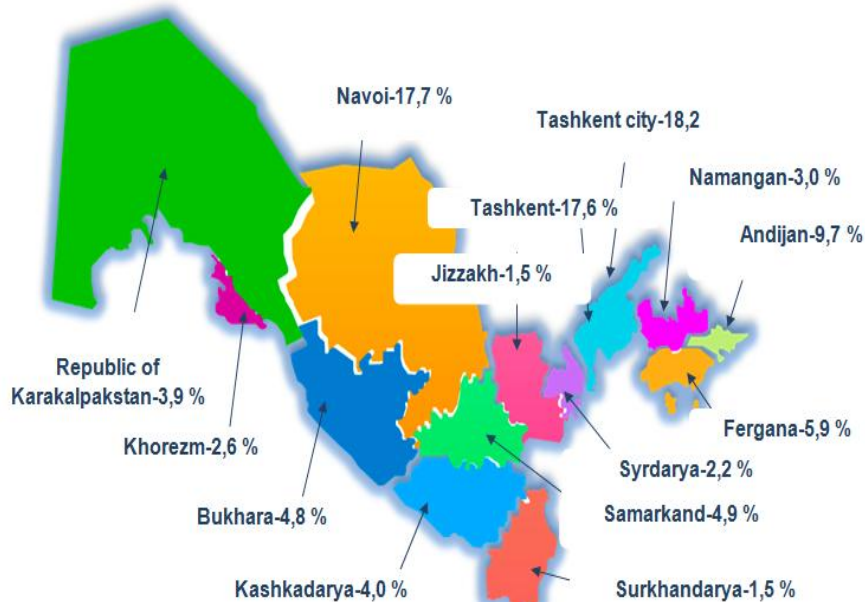
IPV industrial production, %		Growth rate of consumer goods,%
100,5	Kashkadarya	105,7
100,6	Tashkent city	102,0
100,6	Bukhara	113,5
101,0	Syrdarya	89,6
101,7	Fergana	100,1
102,3	Samarkand	115,4
103,6	Khorezm	104,5
103,8	Tashkent	108,7
104,1	Rep. of Karakalpakstan	110,0
104,6	Andijan	99,6
107,1	Jizzakh	106,7
109,4	Navoi	104,4
113,9	Surkhandarya	111,7
115,8	Namangan	109,1

The change in industrial production was significantly influenced by the growth of the index of physical volume of industrial production in Surkhandarya (113.9% compared to January-December 2019), Namangan (115.8%), Navoi (109.4%), Jizzakh (107.1 %), Andijan (104.6%), Tashkent (103.8%), Khorezm (103.6%) regions and the Republic of Karakalpakstan (104.1%).

The share of industrial products of the regions
in the total production of the Republic of Uzbekistan, %

In the structure of industrial output of the republic, the largest share falls on enterprises in the city of Tashkent (18.2% of the republican industrial volume), Navoi (17.7%), Tashkent (17.6%), Andijan (9.7%) and Fergana (5.9%) regions.


The smallest share of industrial production was recorded at the enterprises of Surkhandarya (1.5%) and Jizzakh (1.5%) regions.





Analysis of the differentiation of industrial output per capita showed an excess of the national average (10 723.2 thousand soums) in Navoi (64 763.3 thousand soums), Tashkent (21 821.6 thousand soums), Andijan (11 271.1 thousand soums) regions and Tashkent city (25 461.8 thousand soums).

Production of consumer goods per capita in the reporting period in the republic amounted to 3 480.9 thousand soums, including in Tashkent – 8 371.7 thousand soums, Andijan region - 8 426.7 thousand soums, Tashkent region - 4 431.7 thousand soums, Navoi region - 3 845.3 thousand soums.

Industrial and consumer goods production
per capita by region
for January-December, thousand soums


	<i>Industrial products</i>	<i>Consumer goods</i>
	10723,2	3480,9
	Republic of Uzbekistan	

	<i>Industrial products</i>	<i>Consumer goods</i>
	7401,5	1474,7
	Rep. of Karakalpakstan	


	<i>Industrial products</i>	<i>Consumer goods</i>
	4619,4	2984,8
	Samarkand	


	<i>Industrial products</i>	<i>Consumer goods</i>
	11271,1	8426,7
	Andijan	


	<i>Industrial products</i>	<i>Consumer goods</i>
	2077,5	765,5
	Surkhondaryo	


	<i>Industrial products</i>	<i>Consumer goods</i>
	9076,7	3427,9
	Bukhara	

	<i>Industrial products</i>	<i>Consumer goods</i>
	9287,7	2958,3
	Syrdarya	

	<i>Industrial products</i>	<i>Consumer goods</i>
	3981,9	1856,1
	Jizzakh	


	<i>Industrial products</i>	<i>Consumer goods</i>
	21821,6	4431,7
	Tashkent	

	<i>Industrial products</i>	<i>Consumer goods</i>
	4406,6	1354,6
	Kashkadarya	

	<i>Industrial products</i>	<i>Consumer goods</i>
	5708	1967,8
	Fergana	

	<i>Industrial products</i>	<i>Consumer goods</i>
	64763,3	3845,3
	Navoi	

	<i>Industrial products</i>	<i>Consumer goods</i>
	5009,6	3299,7
	Khorezm	

	<i>Industrial products</i>	<i>Consumer goods</i>
	3857,1	2181
	Namangan	

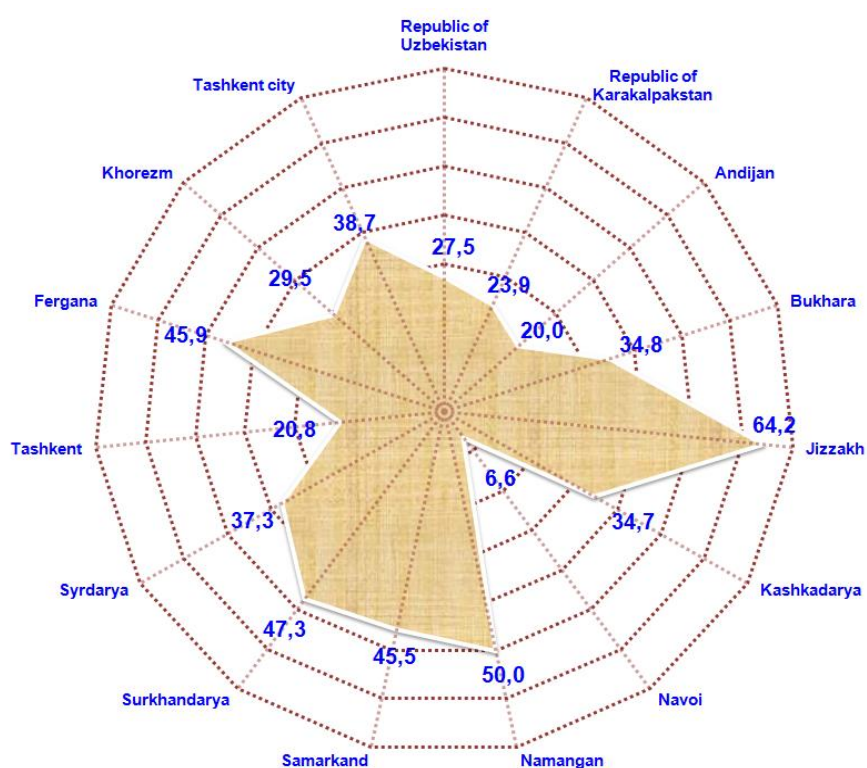
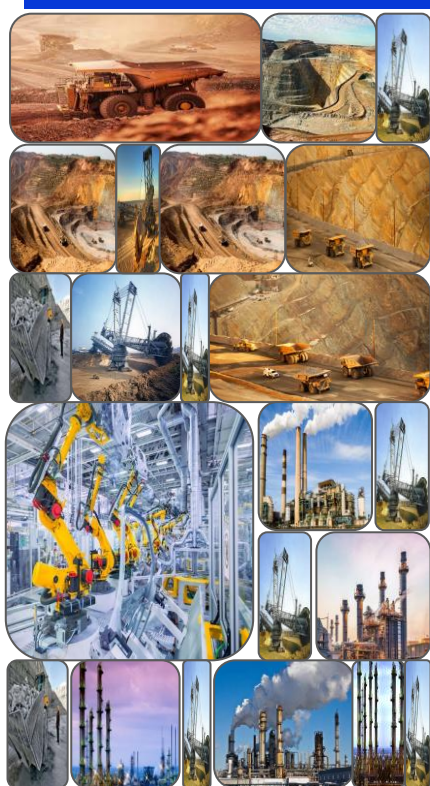
	<i>Industrial products</i>	<i>Consumer goods</i>
	25461,8	8371,7
	Tashkent city	

Small business contribution to industrial production

for January-December 2020, in %

During the reporting period, small businesses produced goods worth 100.8 trillion soums, the share of which in the total production volume was 27.5%.

In terms of regions, the largest share of small business was observed in the Jizzakh region (64.2% of the total industrial volume of the region), Namangan (50.0%), Surkhandarya (47.3%), Fergana (45.9%) and Samarkand (45.5%) regions.

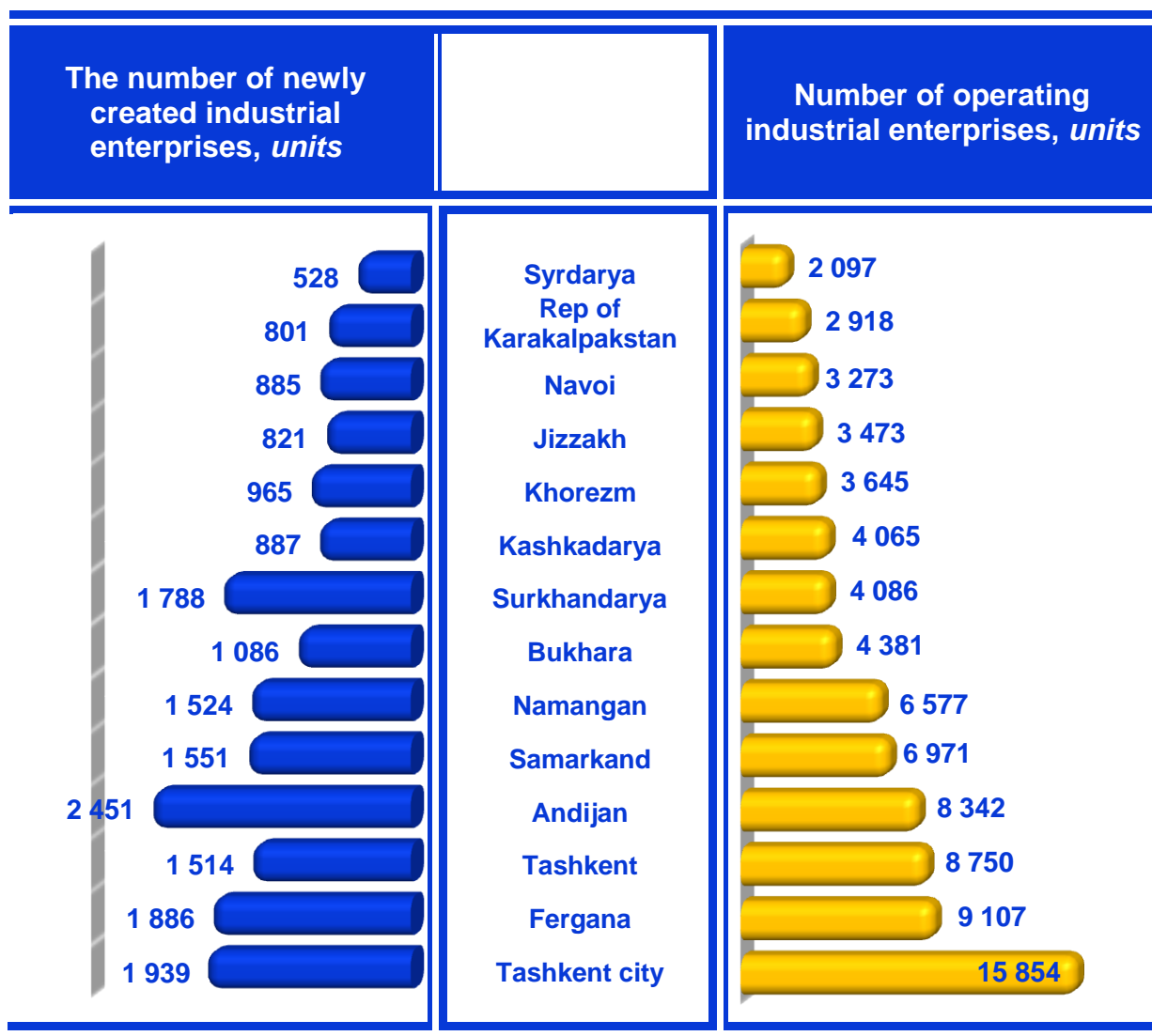


At the same time, the smallest share of small business was noted in Navoi (6.6%), Andijan (20.0%) and Tashkent (20.8%) regions, as well as in the Republic of Karakalpakstan (23.9%). Analysis of the structure of industrial production in the context of the regions of the republic showed that the low share of production of small businesses in the total volume of industry is explained by the significant production volume of large industrial enterprises located in these regions.

Number of operating and newly created industrial enterprises

as of 1 January 2021

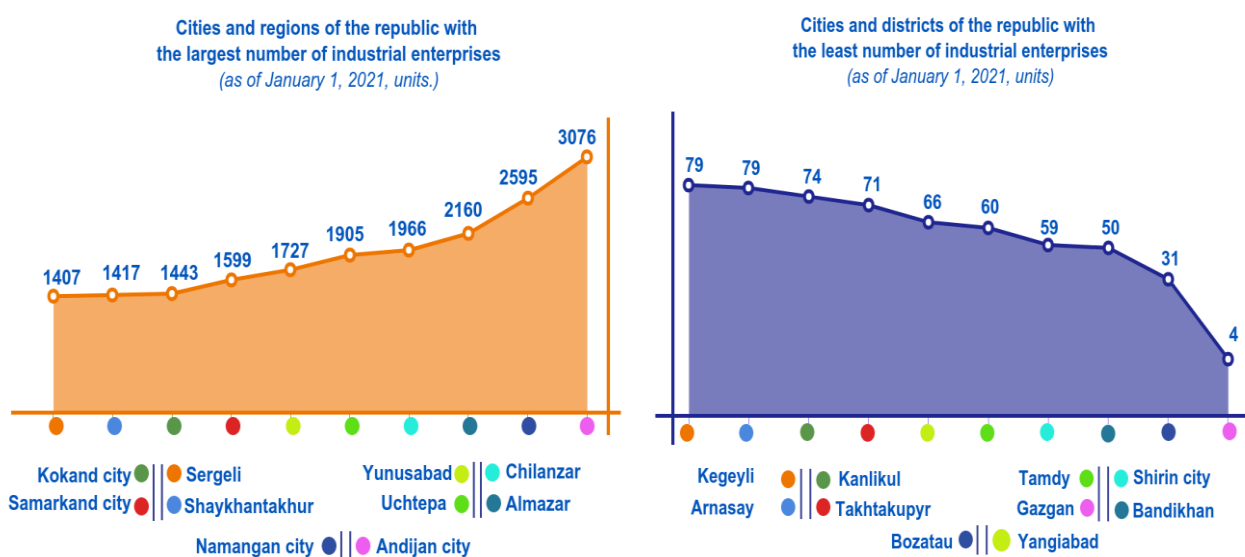
Today, 83.5 thousand industrial enterprises operate in the republic, of which 15.9 thousand (19.0% of the total number of operating enterprises) are in Tashkent city, 9.1 thousand (10.9%) - in Fergana, 8.8 thousand (10.5%) - Tashkent, 8.3 thousand (10.0%) - Andijan, 7.0 thousand (8.3%) - Samarkand and 6.6 thousand (7.9%) - Namangan region.



In January-December 2020, 18 626 industrial enterprises were newly created in the republic, of which 2 451 (13.2% of the total number of newly created) accounted for Andijan, 1 788 (9.6%) - Surkhandarya, 1 514 (8.1 %) - Tashkent region, 1 886 (10.1%) - Fergana region and 1 939 (10.4%) - Tashkent city.

Operating industrial enterprises in the context of cities and regions as of 1 January 2021

Nowadays, the largest number of operating industrial enterprises is located in the cities of Andijan (3 076 units), Namangan (2 595 units), Samarkand (1 599 units), Kokand (1 443 units), as well as in the following districts of the city of Tashkent: Almazar (2 160 units), Chilanzar (1 966 units), Uchtepa (1 905 units), Yunusabad (1 727 units), Shaikhantakhur (1 417 units) and Sergeli (1 407 units).



As of January 1, 2021, the minimum number of operating industrial enterprises is located in Shirin (59 units), Syrdarya region; Tamdy district (60 units), Navoi region; Arnasai (79 units) and Yangiabad (66 units) districts of Jizzakh region; Kegeyli (79 units), Kanlykul (74 units), Takhtakupyr (71 units) and Bozatau (31 units) regions of the Republic of Karakalpakstan; Bandikhan district (50 units) of Surkhandarya region; in the city of Gazgan, Navoi region (4 units).

Implementation of the Localization Program for the production of finished products, components and materials

for January-December 2020

The development of industrial production in the republic was also facilitated by the implementation of the Program for the localization of the production of finished products, components and materials, within the framework of which, under 1 427 projects, products worth 15.3 trillion were produced. soums, exported localized products for 192.9 million US dollars, created 7 697 new jobs.

Compared to the same period in 2019, in January-December 2020, the number of newly created jobs decreased by 76.7%. At the same time, compared to January-December 2019, there is a decrease in the volume of exports of localized products.

Key indicators of the Program for the localization of production of finished products, components and materials

(for January-December)

